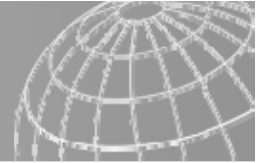


Energising Development

ESMAP KNOWLEDGE EXCHANGE FORUM (KEF) 2013
The Hague, Netherlands



Barbara Richard, EnDev Uganda



What is Energising Development ?

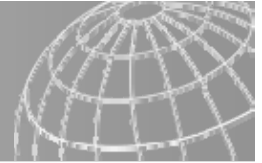
A Partnership Programme between

Netherlands Minister of Foreign Affairs,
German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development &
Norwegian Ministry of Foreign Affairs
Department for International Development (DFID) of UK
Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade (DFAT) of Australia
Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation (SDC)

Co-financed by EU and Irish-Aid

Objective : provide at least 15 million people with access to energy in a sustainable manner by 2015 (Phase 1: 2005-2009, Phase 2: 2009-2018)

Implementing organization: GIZ in cooperation with NL Agency



Who is benefiting from EnDev?



- EnDev provides:
- Energy for households
 - Energy for social institutions
 - Energy for enterprises

Predominantly in rural areas



Solar



Micro Hydro Power



Biogas

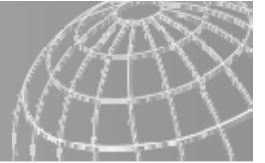


Stoves



Grid extension/densification

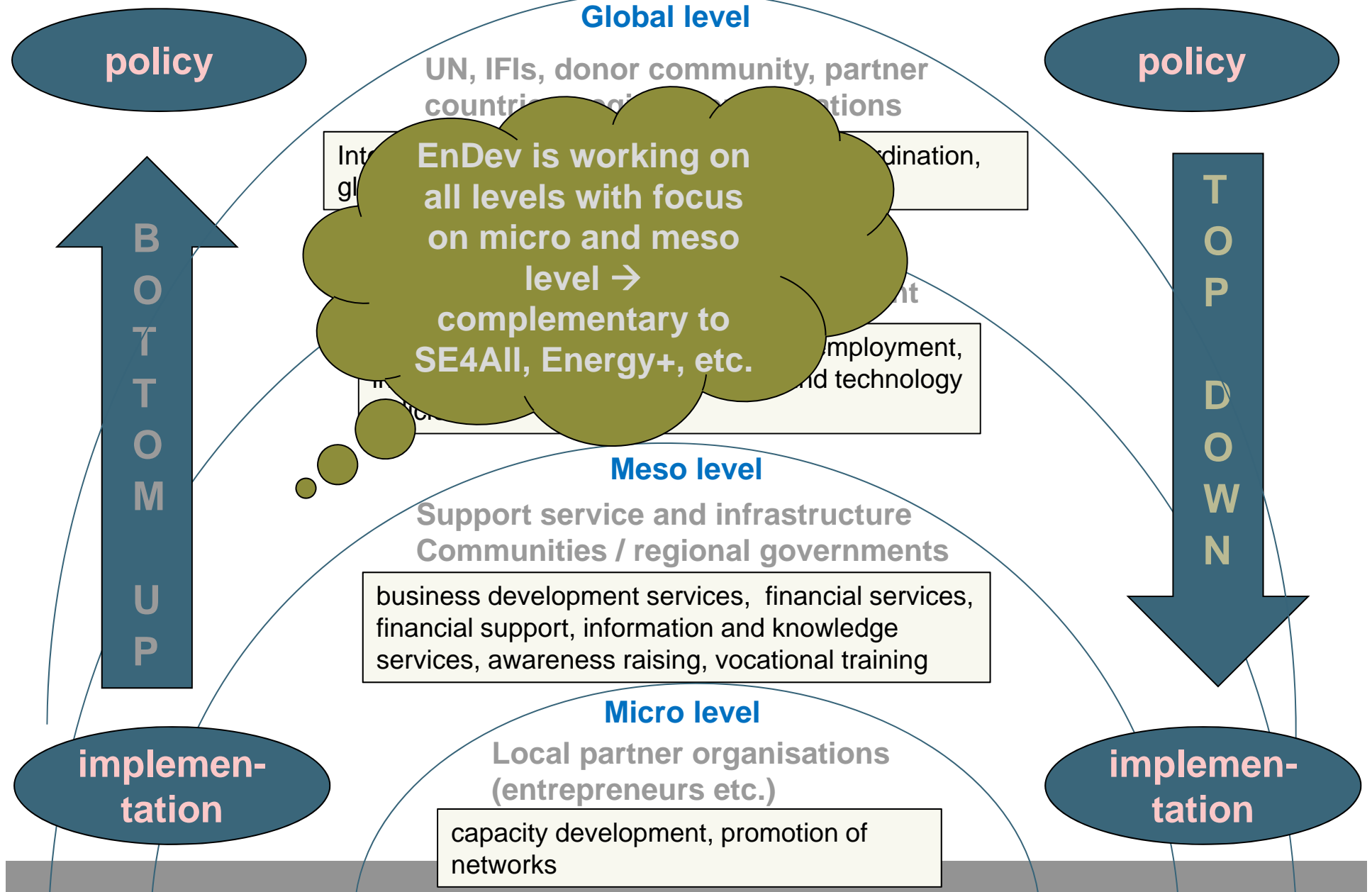
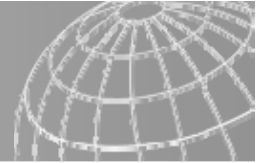


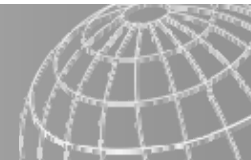


Objectives of EnDev

- At least 15 million people will have sustainable **access** to modern energy technologies and services (= 20 EUR/person)
- **In-door air pollution** for at least 4 million **women and children** will be reduced
- **Pro-poor markets** for off-grid energy technologies and services will be developed and strengthened
- **Greenhouse gas emissions** will be reduced by at least 50% in relation to offered/used service

All countries with significant energy access problems are eligible. The general focus is on Sub-Saharan Africa.





Regional Distribution of EnDev Projects



Solar



Hydro



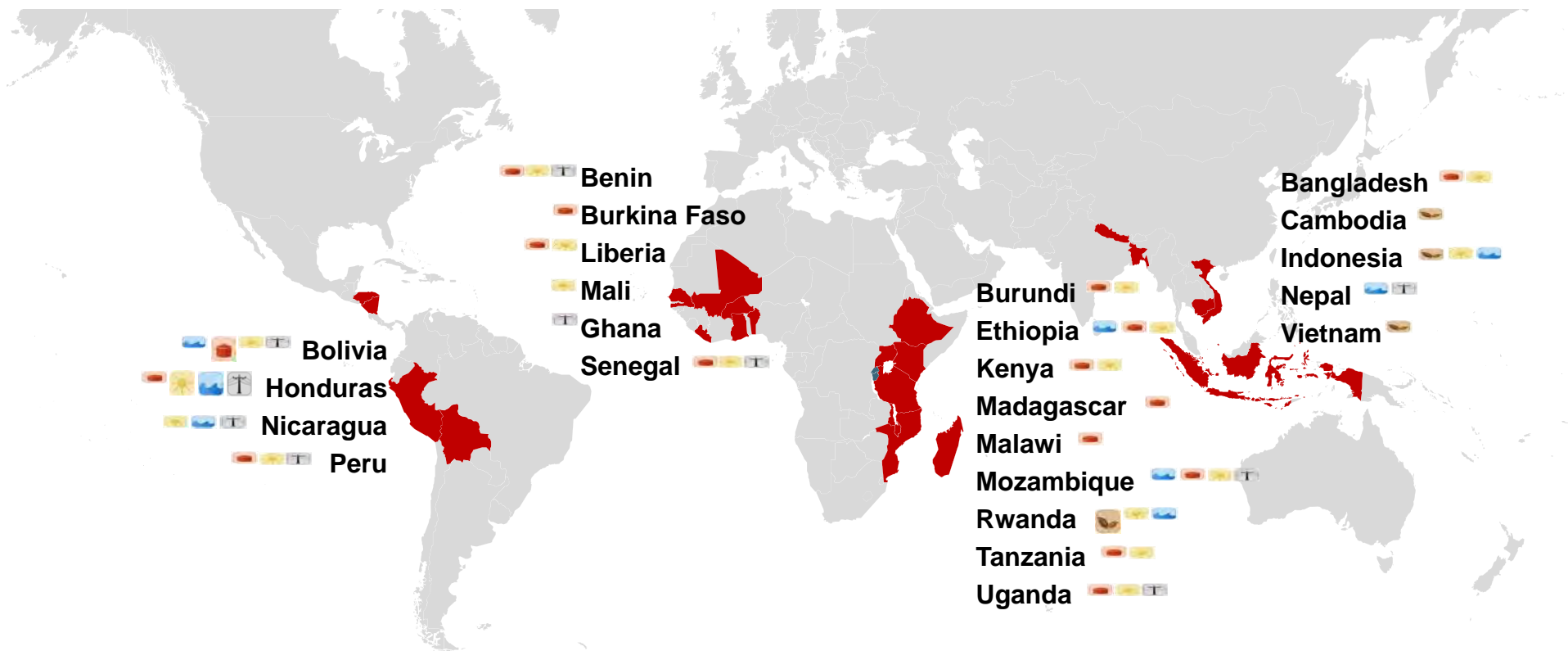
Biogas



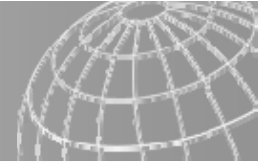
Cooking energy



Grid extension/ densification

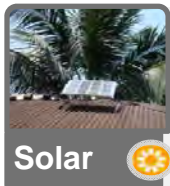


24 countries – 15 Africa, 5 Asia, 4 Latin America

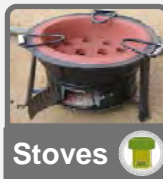


EnDev Uganda

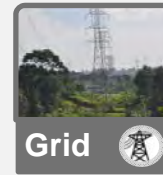
Overview



Solar Market Development



Rural Stove Market development



Grid Densification

Market Development Approach

Supply

Technical and business skills

Chain of supply

Customer service

Competition

Demand

Promotion and Marketing

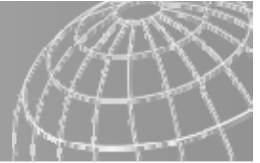
Access to finance

Warranty and reputation

Productive use

Targets

12,500 Light/EI. For HH; 600,000 Cooking Energy for HH; 200 social institutions; 100 enterprises



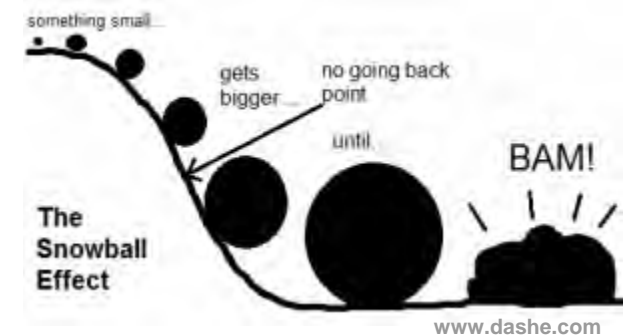
EnDev Uganda: Lessons learnt

Improved cook stoves approach:

Pyramid approach and snow ball effect myth

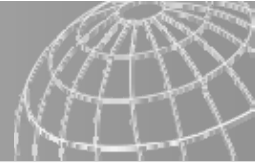
Stoves are no charity item

Mismatch between donor approaches: Market vs. Charity



Monitoring:

- Wrongly placed financial incentives for intermediaries
- Need for independent primary stove sales data collection
- Keep it as simple as possible



EnDev Uganda: Lessons learnt

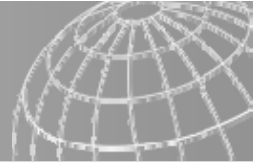
Solar Market Development approach:

No quick win with market development

High flexibility to adjust approach



- Rural markets high risk
- Few companies
- Weak/young private sector partners
- Small solar community with trust issues
- Broken down solar systems spoil reputation
- Low demand, while high awareness

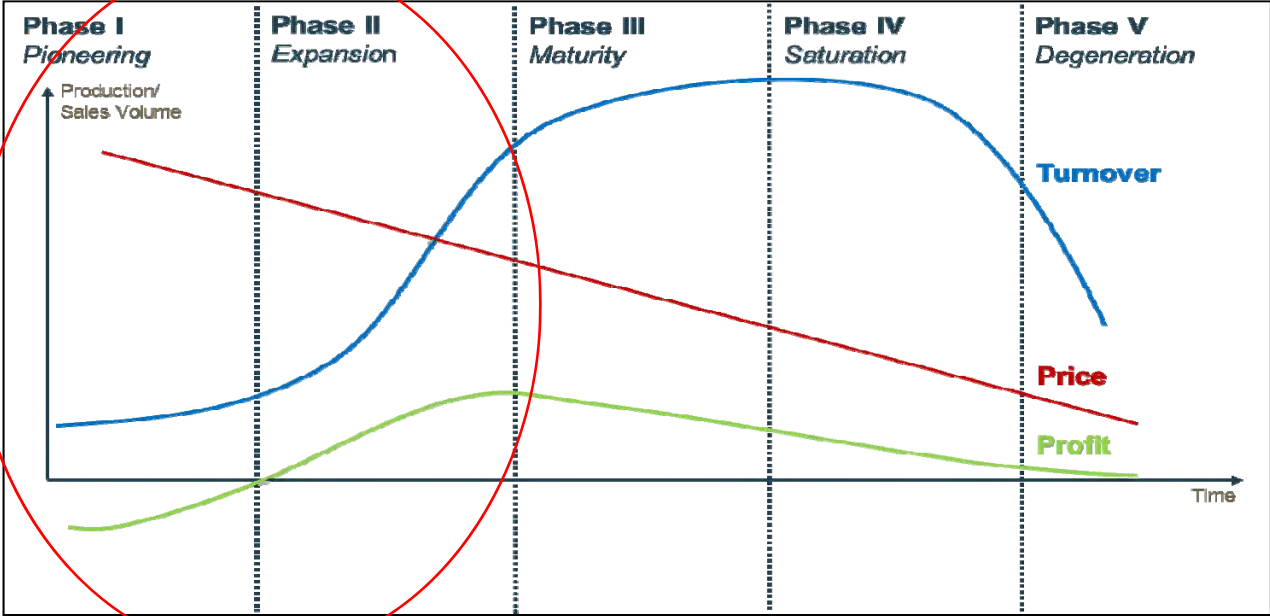


In conclusion...

...expect outcomes after typical project period (3-4 yrs)

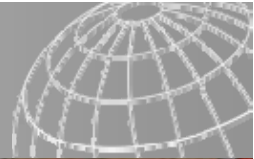
...count on unintended outcomes as a result of complex market structures

...there is not the one strategy for all products in all market phases

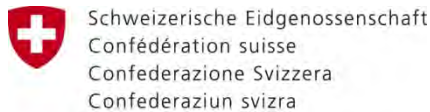


... proper monitoring is key to steer and adjust complex activities

... succesfull cooperation builds on trust and personal interaction



Thank you for your attention



Swiss Agency for Development and Cooperation SDC



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