

ESMAP REPORT LAUNCH  
Electric Mobility  
& Power Systems

# Transport electrification

Impact on the power system from the planners side





# Impacts of e-mobility on power system: considerations for planners

Context

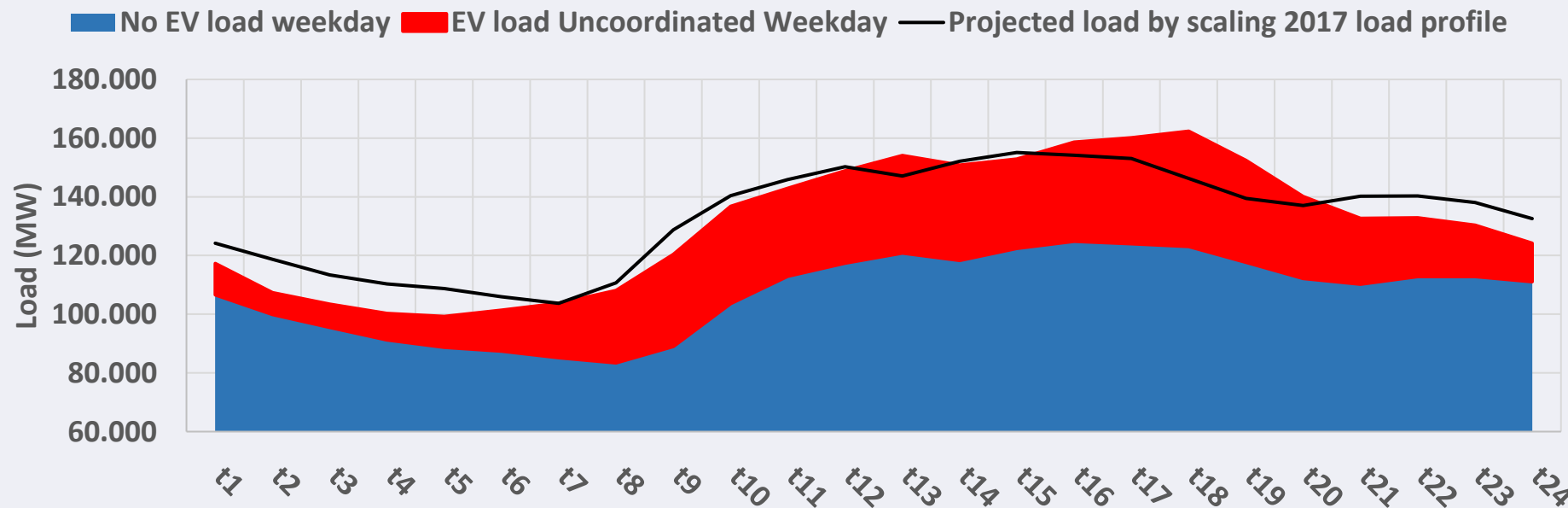
- **Transport electrification (like other end use electrification) leads to two main changes for system balance :**
  - Higher energy and peak demand
  - Modification of the load curve
- **Need to be able to identify what those impacts will be for the development of the power system**
  - EV tool + EPM



# EV tool: translating transport strategies into power demand

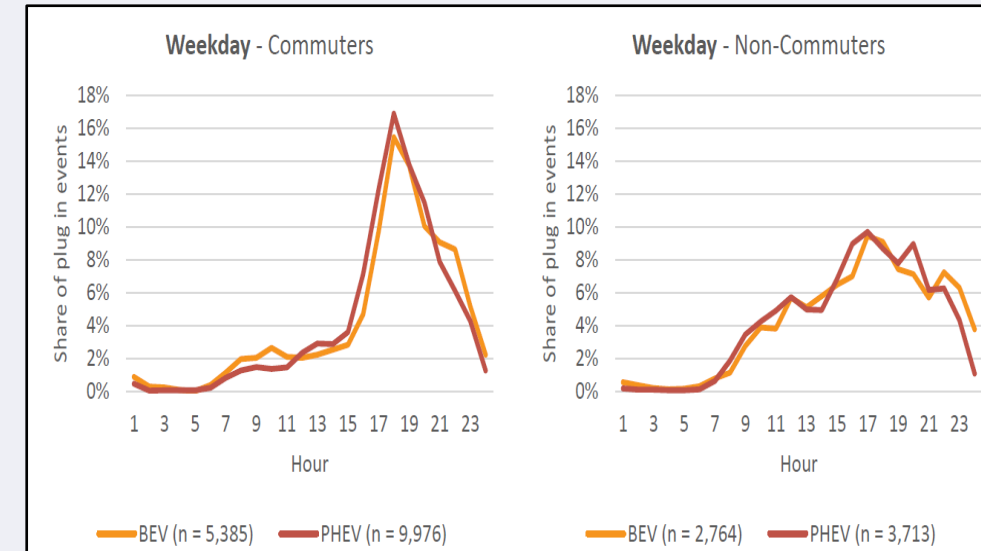
- Mileage, Fuel efficiency, EV by type, vehicle fleet growth, share of EVs ➡ Projected Total EV load
- Assumptions on charging behavior: Plug in probability profiles, types of vehicles are associated with one or several PPPs
- And charging speeds ➡ Projected hourly load

Peak load Weekday 26th July 2050



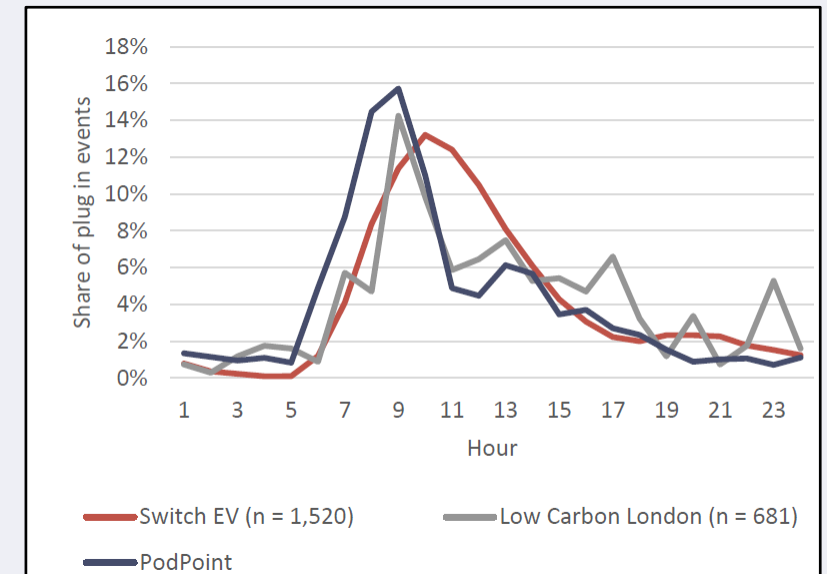
## EV tool

### Type of EV: Car, Use: Private (home charging)



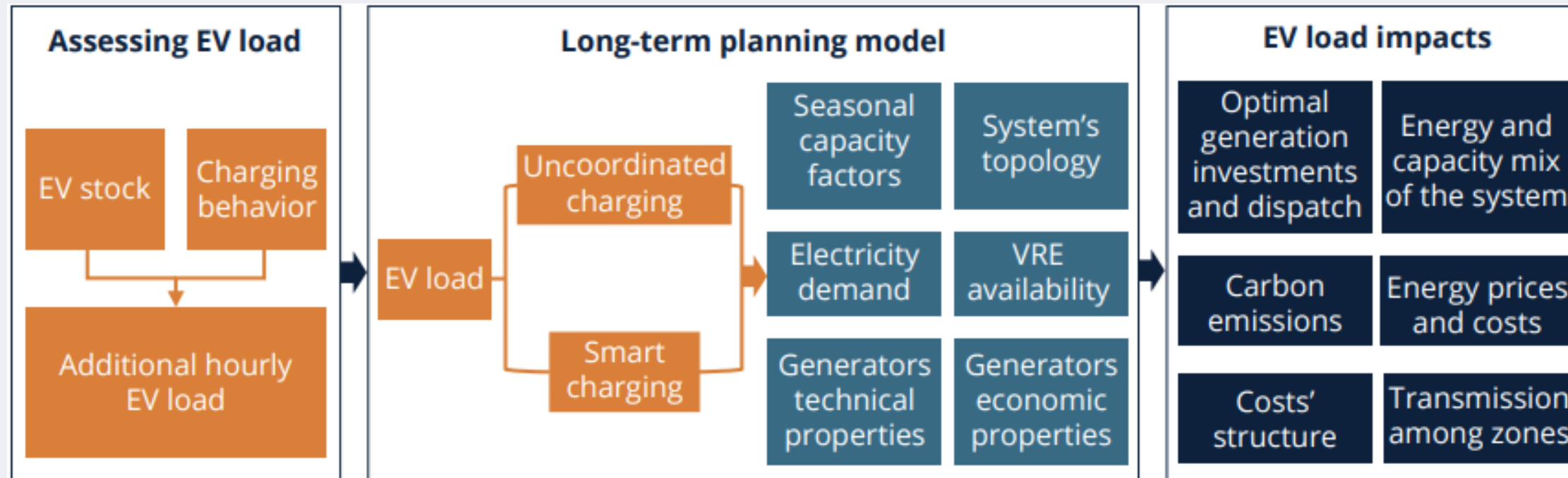
Source: UK Charging Behaviour Study Element Energy (2018)

### Type of EV: Car, Use: Private (charging at work)



Source: UK Charging Behaviour Study Element Energy (2018)

# Assessing which impact matters for decarbonization

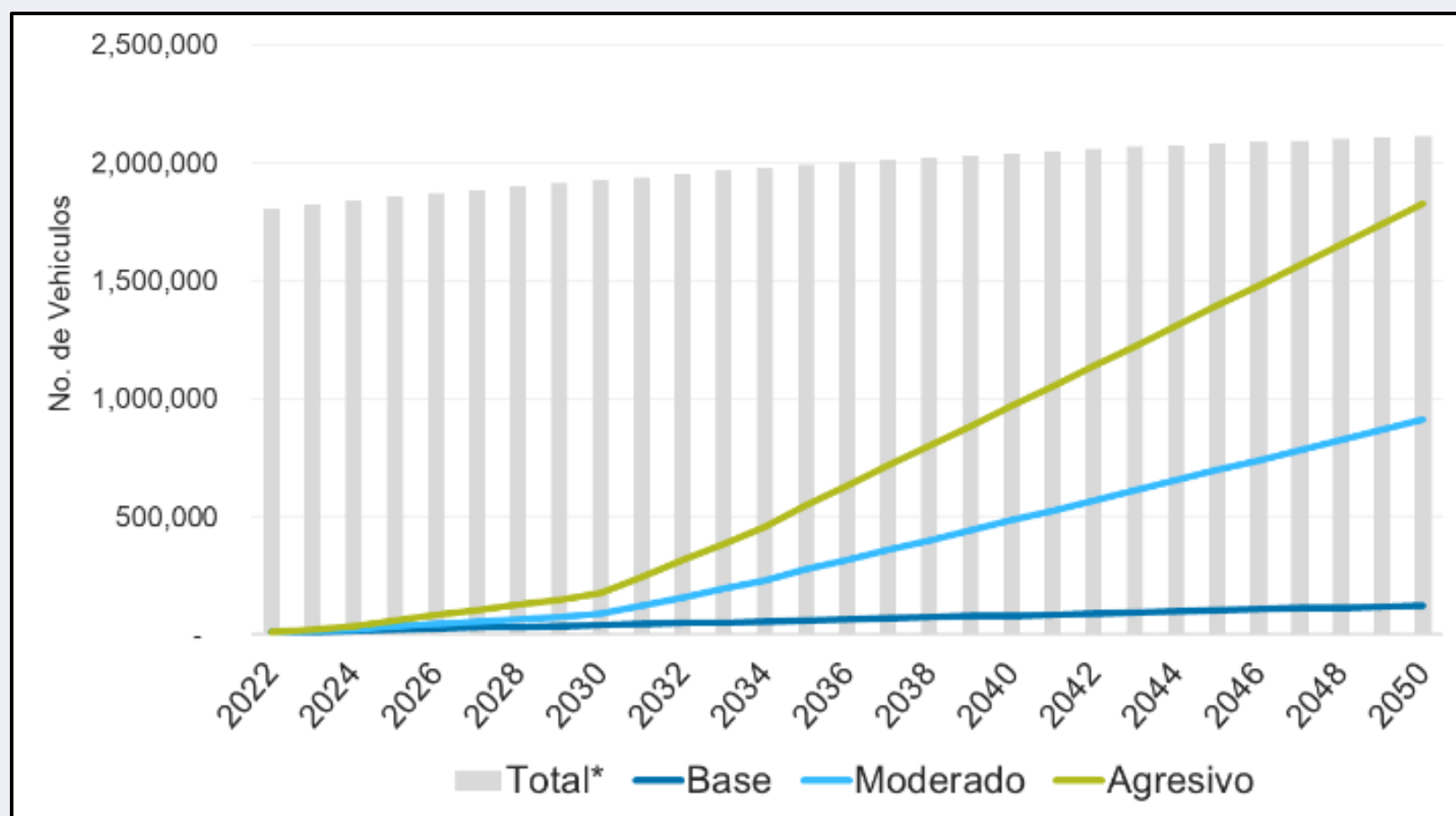


- **In recent long term capacity expansion plans and decarbonization analyses,** we tried to assess :
  - The impact of EV deployment on power generation investment needs and emissions
  - Strategies that would limit the additional costs

# The case of Costa Rica: EV fleet

Case : Costa Rica

EV deployment by scenario



Nb of EVs per type

	2021	Base (2050)	Moderado (2050)	Agresivo (2050)
Carros	6,520	80,589	578,166	1,156,331
Taxis	-	764	5,421	10,843
Buses	19	309	2,088	4,176
Buses Especiales	4	62	421	842
Motos	858	27,054	211,157	422,314
Carga Liviana	-	15,675	115,209	230,418
Carga Pesada	-	1	1	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,436</b>	<b>126,031</b>	<b>919,466</b>	<b>1,838,932</b>

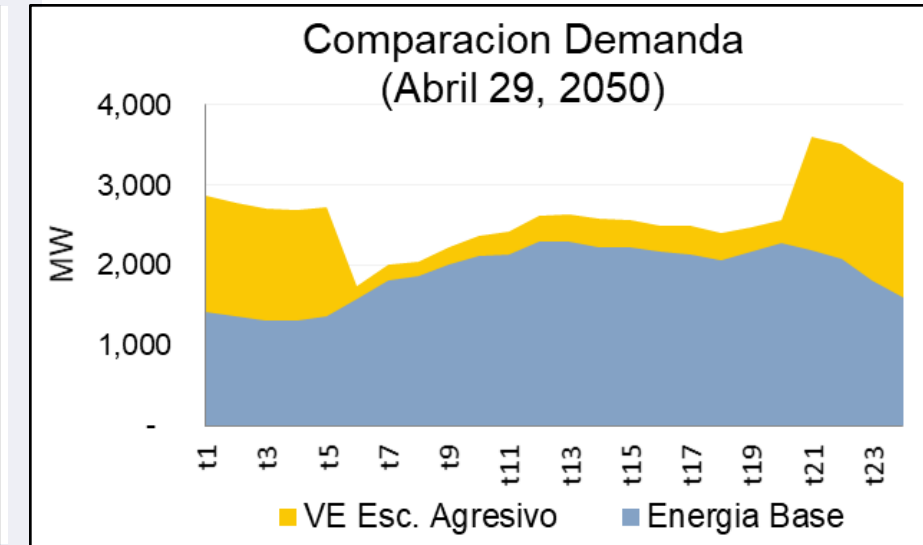
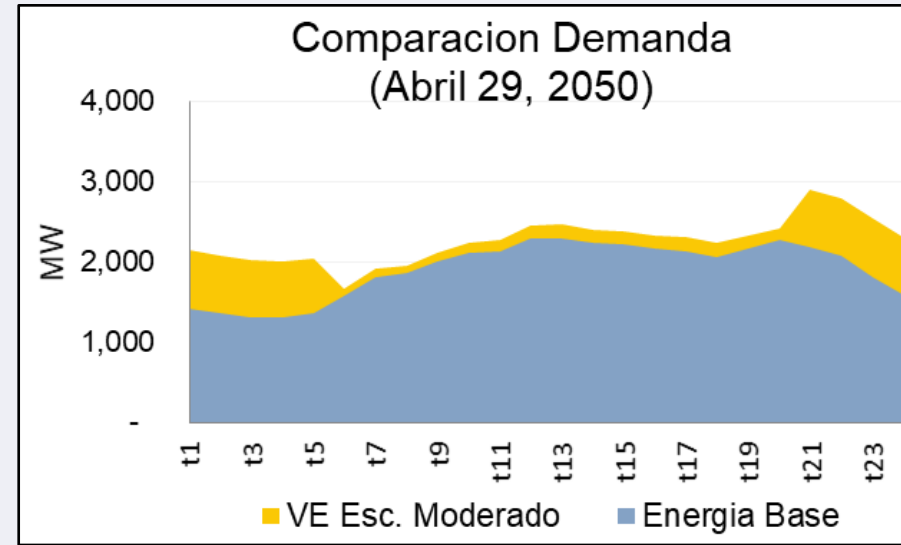
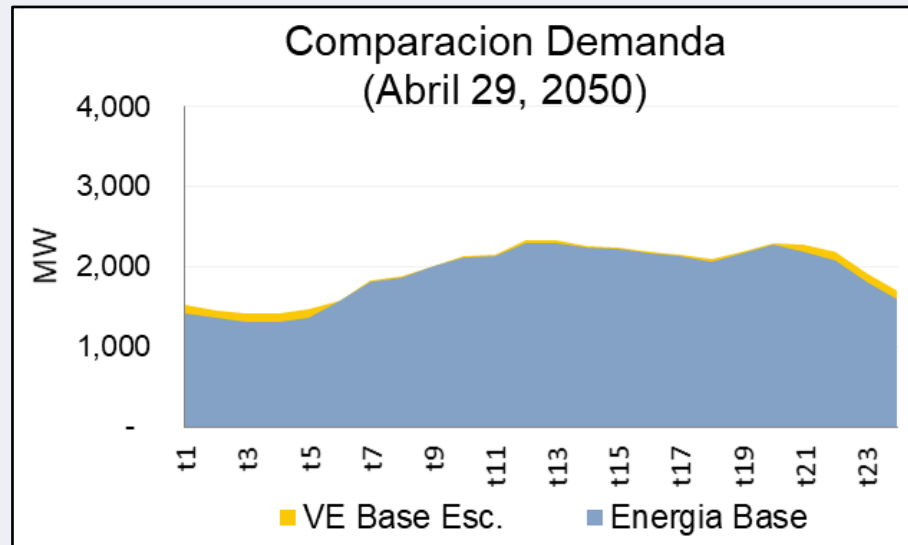
Transport mode

	2030	2035	2050
Transporte Publico (Tren^, Buses, Taxis)	8%	30%	85%
Transporte privado (particulares e institucionales)	8%	30%	95%
Transporte de Carga Liviana	7.5%	Continua adopción	85%

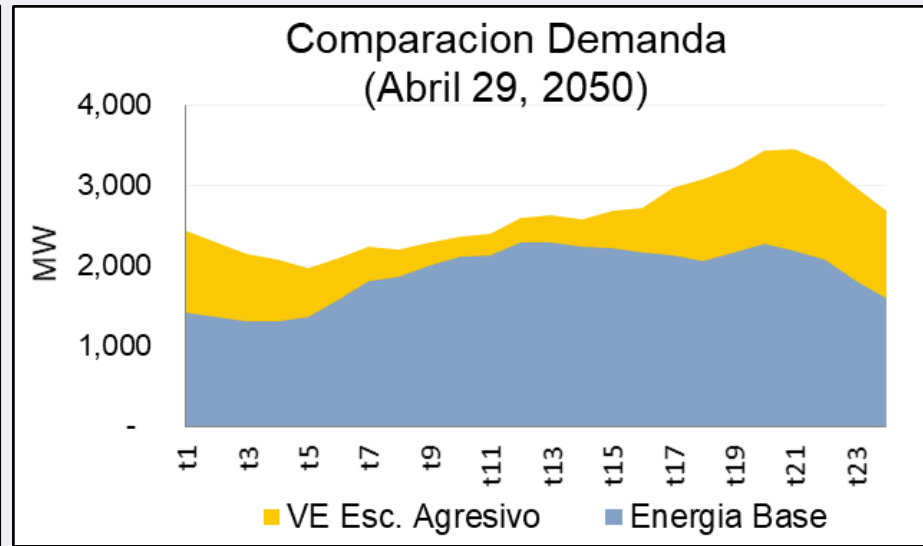
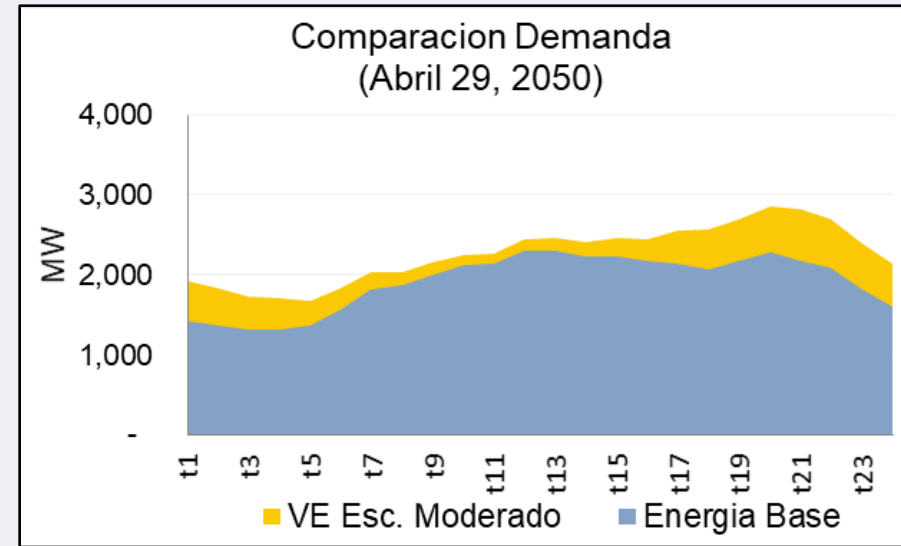
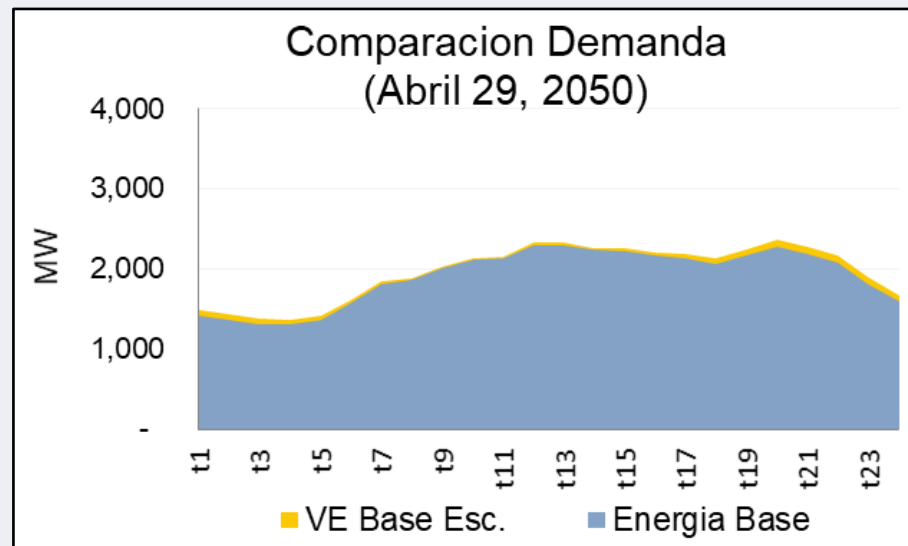
# The case of Costa Rica: Load

Case : Costa Rica

Uncoordinated charging



Coordinated charging

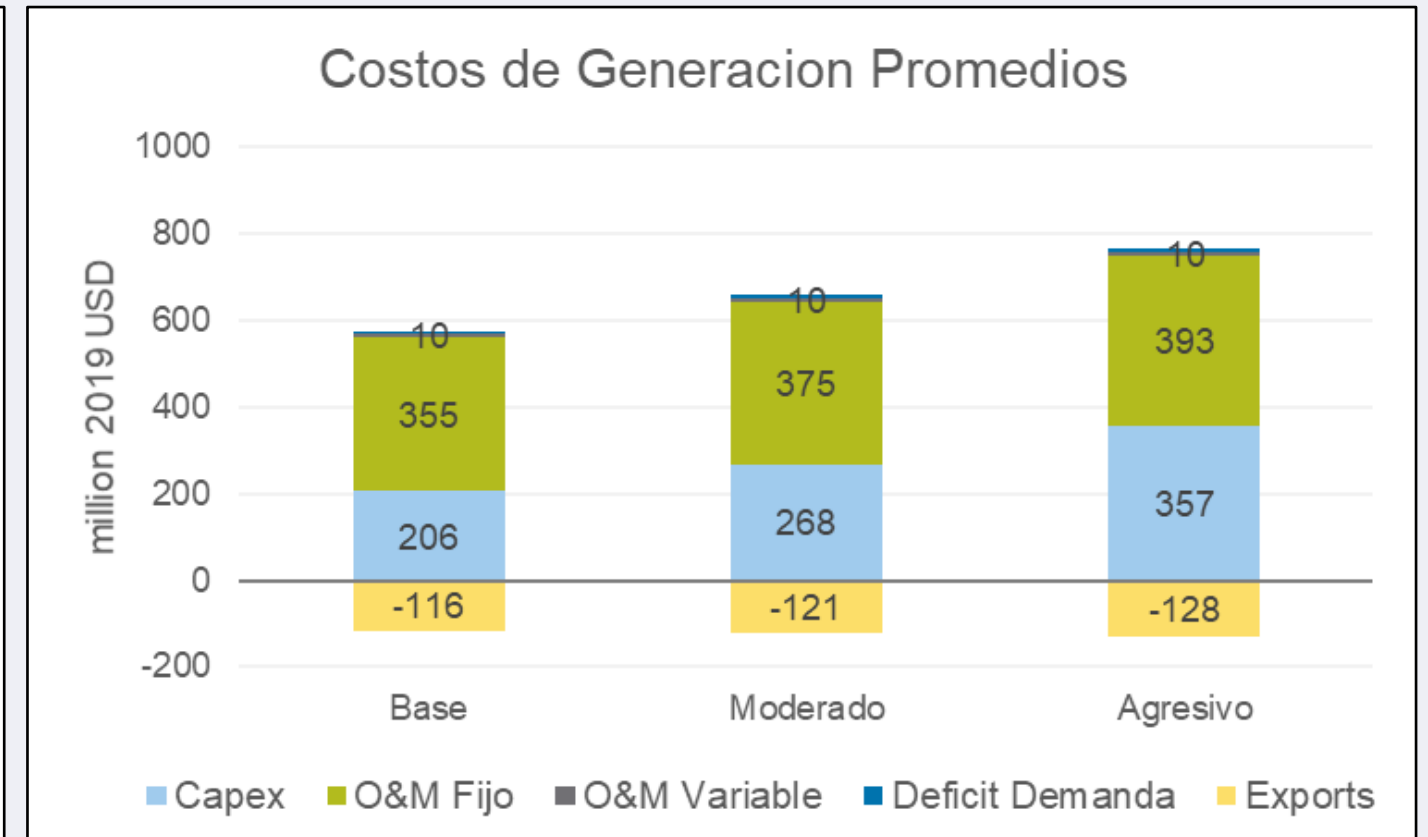
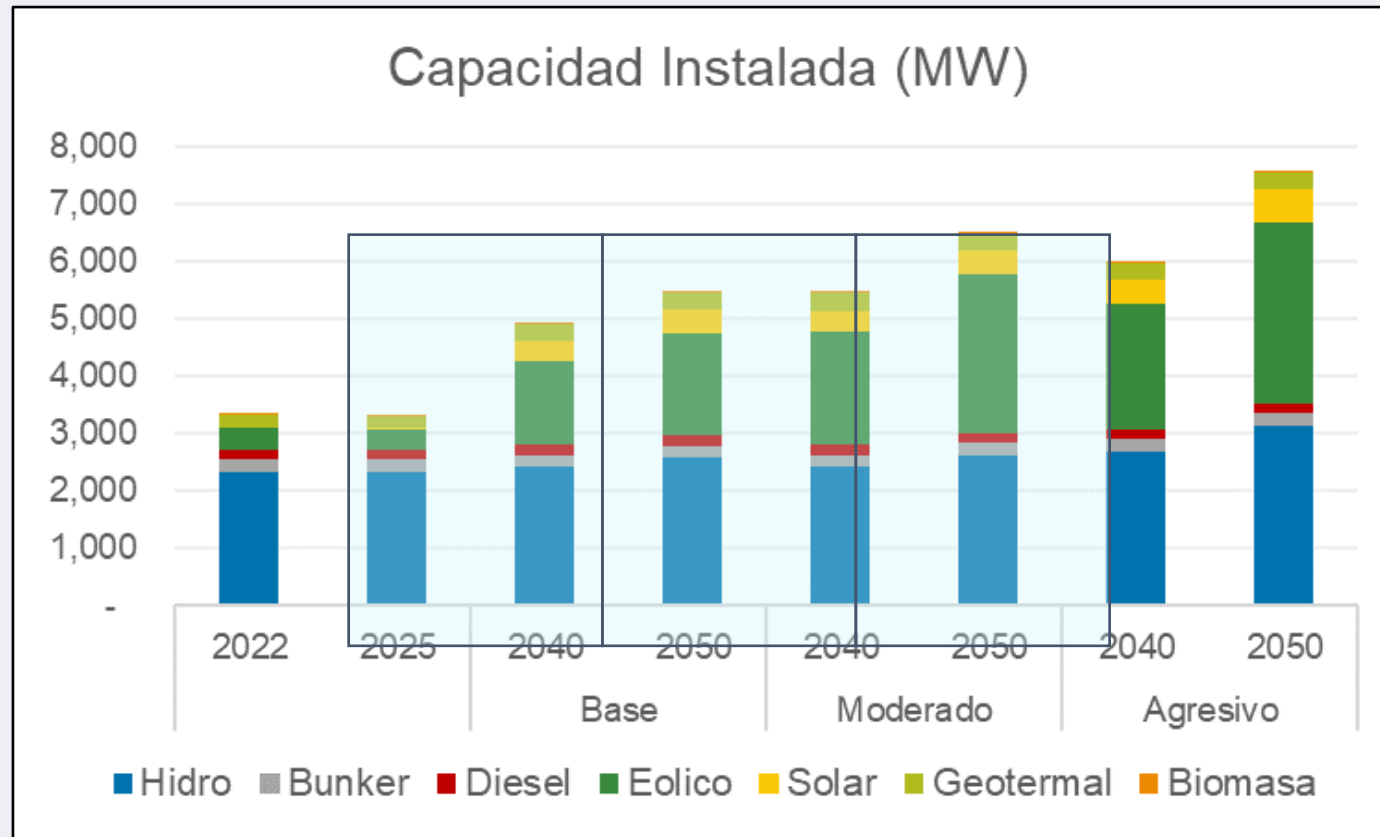


Peak demand 7% lower

Peak demand 11% lower

# The case of Costa Rica: Impact on the power system

Case : Costa Rica





# Where next?

- Extending the analysis to the grid
- **Analyses with EPM and the EV tool:**
  - This FY, improvement of the EV tool,
  - Include seasonality of EV load variation (e.g. tourism)
  - Co-optimize the power system and coordinated charging

The end

