# Uganda Delivery of Clean Cooking Solutions

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## Background

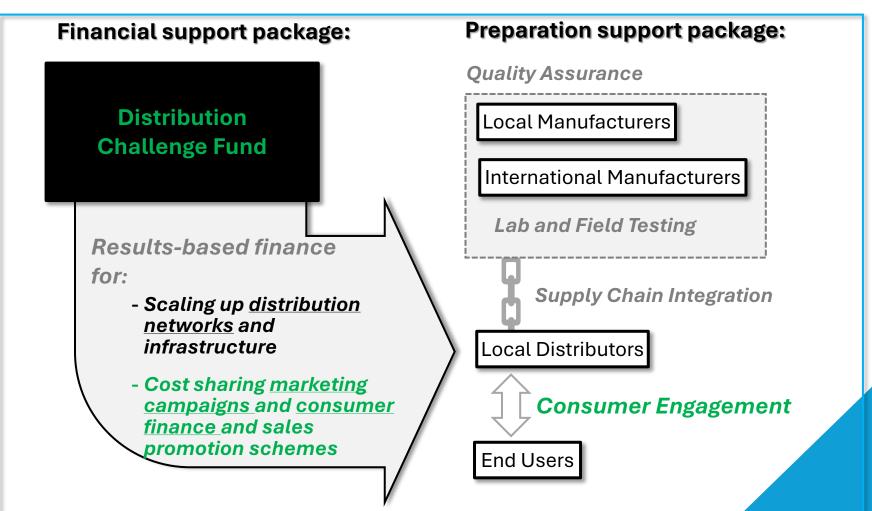
- Over 95% of Ugandans continue to rely on biomass fuels for cooking, with absolute number of people having likely increased
- Uganda's population growth (~3.2% annually average last five years) increases demand for cooking fuels and pressures natural resources
- Charcoal prices across the country have nearly doubled in the last few years, especially in the North and urban demand centers
- Patchy supple chain integration and consumer affordability remains a significant barrier

# Uganda Clean Cooking Supply Chain Expansion Project 2016 - 2020

- A \$2 million ESMAP-funded recipientexecuted project targeting 50,000 households
- Focused on establishing manufacturerdistributor and providing upfront/ resultsbased financing; + awareness, marketing and consumer financing via TA and microlending
- Benefited 8 clean cooking consortia of two or more supple chain players; with 13 companies new market entrants bringing new products
- Conducted 6-month consumer trials in households and lab+field of products to test quality, compatibility and consumer WTP



#### Support Mechanism



## Disbursement Triggers

#### 3 Triggers:

#### **3 Support Lines:**

Presentation of firm order of > 5000 stoves



Working capital grant (one-time): 50% of initial order of stoves, up to a maximum amount of US\$100,000





**Inventory renewal grant (monthly):** 20-30 % of wholesale price per stove sold (differentiated by emissions profile)

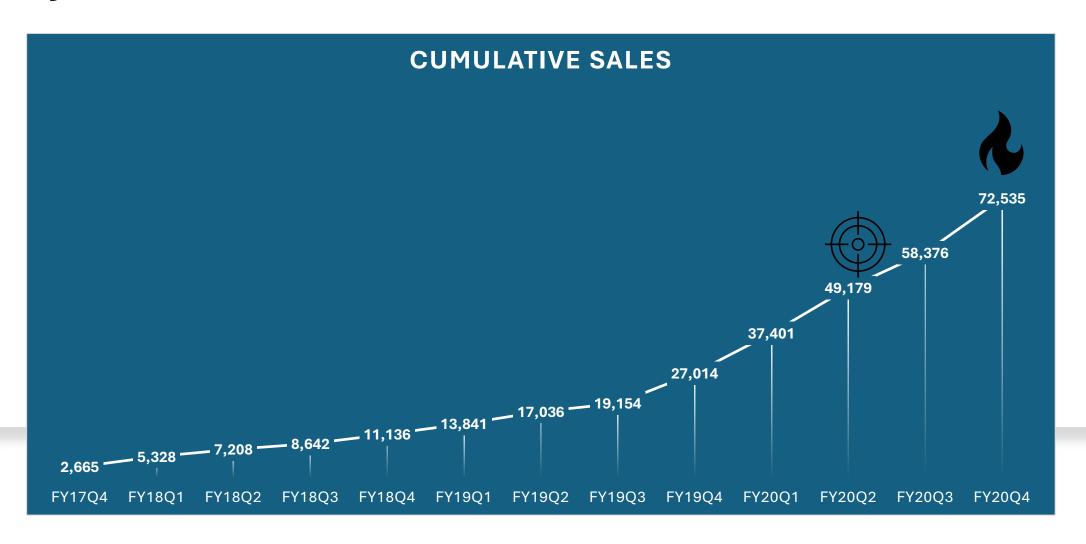
Presentation of audited monthly marketing expenses



**Consumer engagement subsidy (monthly):** 50% of eligible marketing, sales and comm. expenses, up to a maximum of US\$100,000

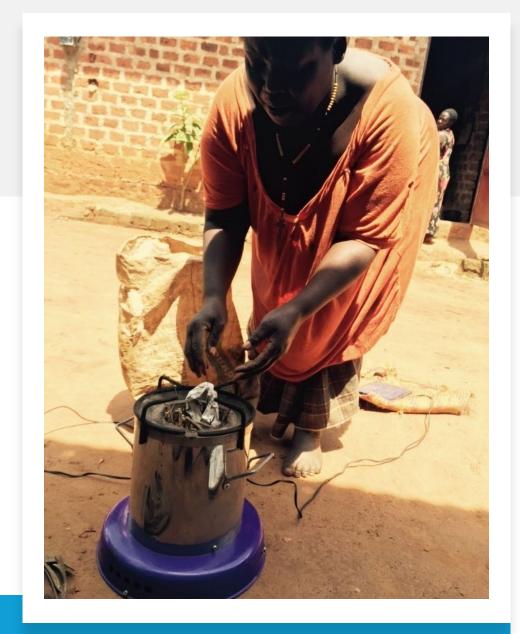
- ⇒ Funds managed by implementing entity Private Sector Foundation Uganda oversight by external auditor KPMG
- ⇒ Bank NOBs only on quarterly reports.

## Project Results



#### Lessons learned

- Concerted effort to **stimulate demand** for the grant facility in spite of the incentives; started with few market players
- Lack of debt financing options for expanding inventory and widening footprint
- Challenges and delays on tracking, verifying sale and usage of sold products by the IVA
- Bundling clean cooking and clean energy products can help leverage existing distribution networks and flex financing options e.g. partnerships between cookstove manufacturers and PAYG off grid solar companies
- Behavioral diagnostic study essential to understand user preferences
- Distributors offering flexible payment options outperformed others, highlighting that consumer financing is essential for clean cooking solutions



# Uganda Energy Access Scaleup Project (EASP)

- Drawing from the lessons learned, the new Uganda EASP will concurrently address the three challenges of distribution, awareness, and affordability.
- Uganda Energy Credit Capitalization Company (UECCC) is implementing the financial intermediation component of the EASP - USD\$135 million to support scaling OGS, clean cooking, and PUE products nationwide including refugee settlements and refugee host districts.
- USD\$10 million from ESMAP Clean Cooking Fund + USD\$10 million IDA match
- Targeting 353,000 households to benefit 1,660,000 Ugandans and expected to result in net emission reduction of 2.4 million tCO2 over project lifetime
- Clean Cooking for Public Institutions first phase targeting 182 schools and hospitals with biomass, LPG, biogas, and EPC solutions



# The Financial Intermediation Component

- Comprehensive coverage of clean cooking technologies including: efficient biomass stoves, electric cooking, LPG, biogas, ethanol, etc.
- Stimulate demand and allow companies to expand their distribution footprint and soft infrastructure

- 1. Results-based financing to catalyze scale and address affordability constraints of households and enterprises
- Subsidy ranging from 30-50% with added incentives for underserved remote rural areas and refugee settlements
- IVA doing verification of sales and pricing via calls and field visits for each ESCO claim

- 2. Credit Support Facility
  (CSF) Provides Lines of Credit
  through PFI that on-lend to
  ESCOs for working capital
- 3. TA Facility supports
  beneficiaries and other key
  project stakeholders to build
  capacity and skills to address
  barriers to effective service
  delivery. The eligible
  beneficiaries are PFIs, ESCOs,
  and other stakeholders



#### RBF levels

	Subsidy			
Clean Cooking Solution (CCS)	Rates		Subsidy Cap (UGX)	
Category A. Household Biomass Cookstove				
i. Household biomass cookstove (carbonized bioma	ass)	50%	30,000	
ii. Household biomass cookstove (Uncarbonized biomass)		50%	40,000	
iii. Modern Household biomass cookstove (processed				
biomass fuel such as pellets and woodchips)		50%	72,500	
Category B. Household Biogas		30%	870,000	
Category C. LPG package		40%	130,000	
Category D. Ethanol cookstoves		40%	120,000	
Category E. Electric Cooking devices				
i. Induction/Infrared Cookers		50%	140,000	
ii. Electric Pressure Cookers		50%	150,000	
Category F. Solar cooker with PV and battery		30%	600,000	





- UECCC is utilizing the Prospect dMRV platform, which has the capacity to capture real-time sales data conducted by ESCOs and facilitate claims verification and processing.
- The platform significantly reduces transaction costs and speeds up verification.
- It also provides portfolio performance demonstrations and data analytics dashboards.
- dMRV is capable of conducting desk verification, including checking data completion, product eligibility, and buyer identity through digital parsing of ID numbers with the national register.
- Once the claims are desk-checked then they are verified by the Independent Verification Agency (IVA) via phone and field surveys.



## High Level Challenges

- Multiple Donor RBF schemes with varied subsidy levels in the country.
   Calls for more engagement and harmonization to minimize duplication and market distortion dMRV tools to avoid double counting
- Limited testing capacities of Testing Laboratories in Uganda especially for Biomass stoves. Under EASP
- Overwhelming interest in the program risks funds being depleted and disrupt the continuity of support in the market
- The ongoing preparation of ASCENT Uganda lending project is expected to continue the same lines of support with new IDA funding

