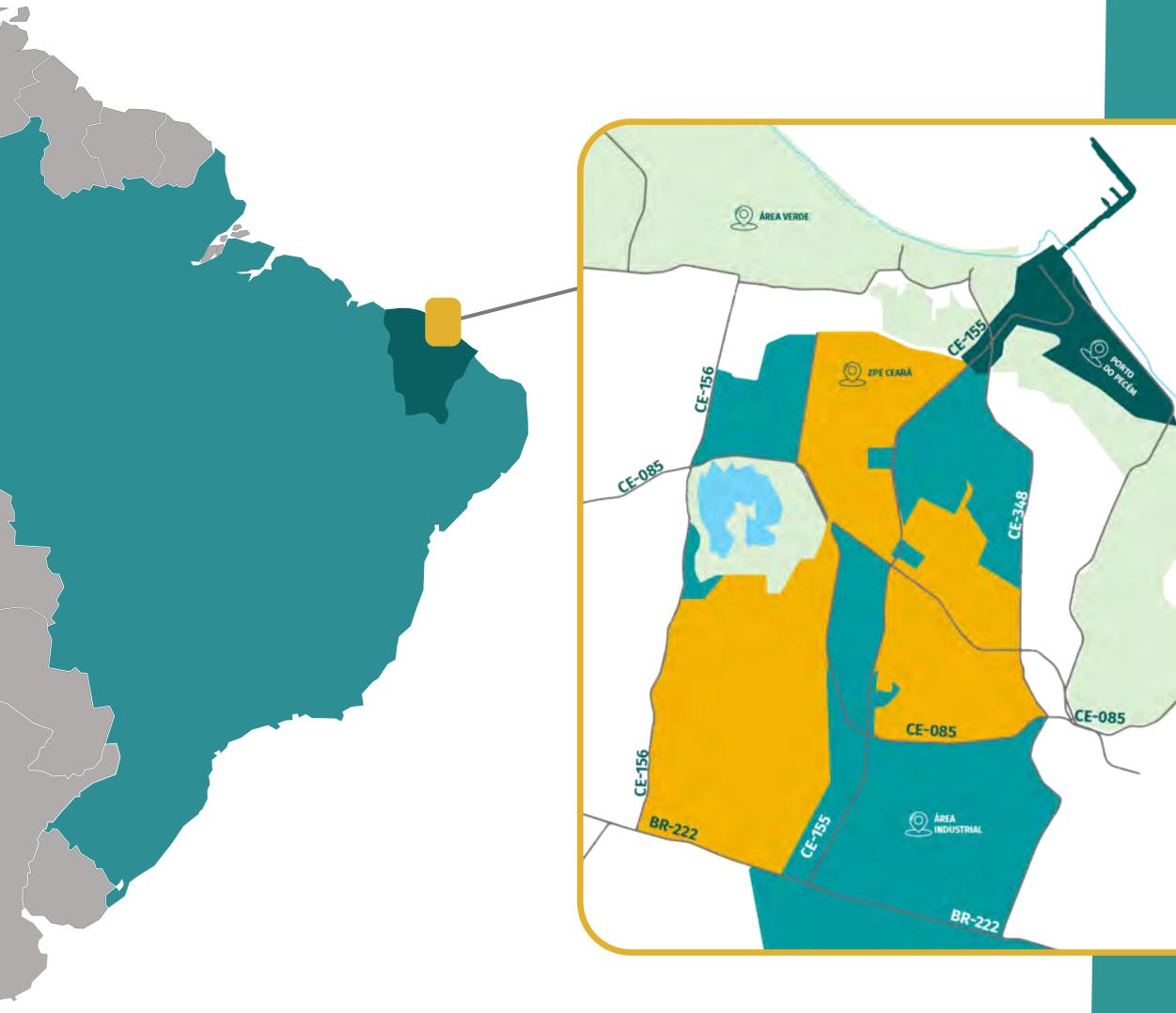








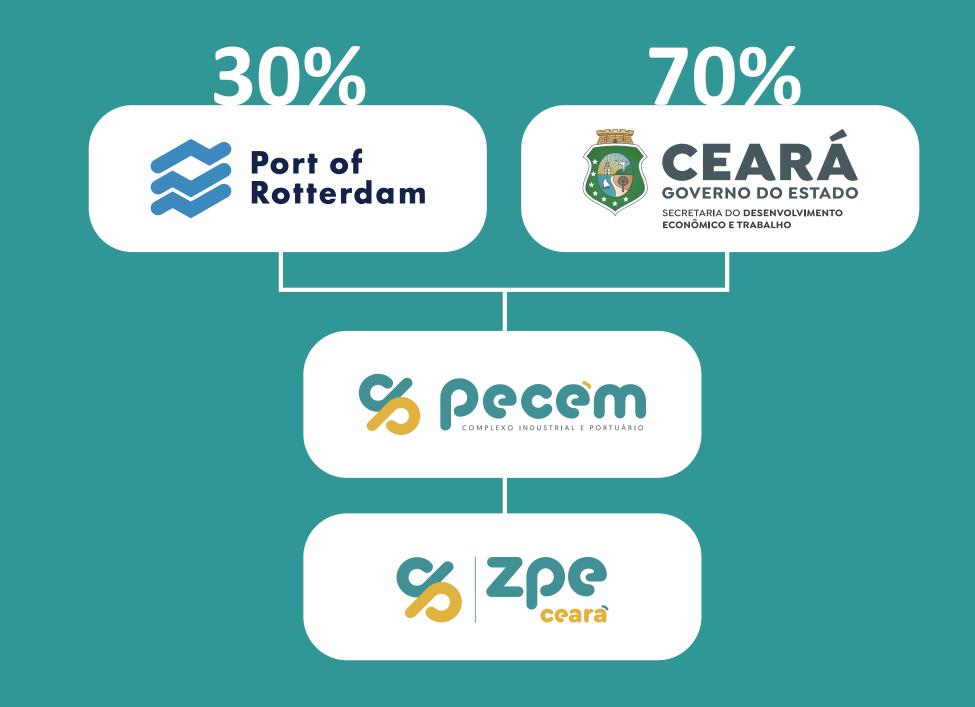
# Pecem



**Purpose:** Create a world of opportunities and transform generations.

Mission: Attract business by providing infrastructure, port services, industrial area and Free Zone, creating sustainable development.

Vision: To become a global logistics player in the energy transition process by 2028.





Availability of renewable energy and access to the grid

### World Bank endorsement

Pre-approved environmental license



### Land availability

## **Our Value Proposition.**

Logistics access including multi-purpose port

Tax policies and incentives (incl. ZPE)

### Skilled labor

# Where we are and where we want to go.



More than 30 MoU, 4 advanced projects + GH2 Pilot Production since Dec22

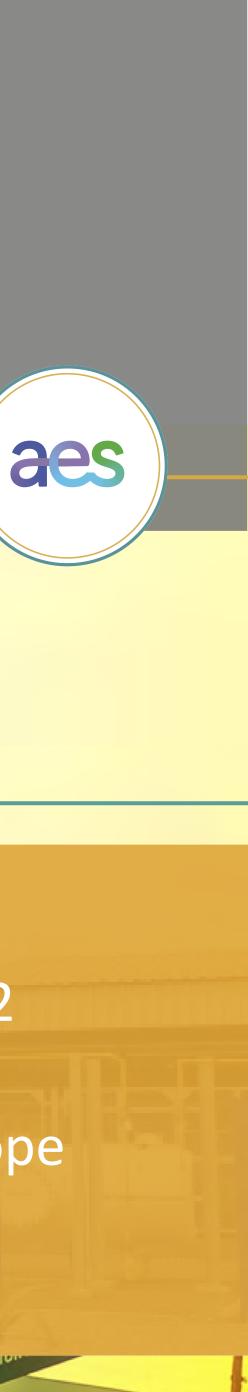
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FORTESCUE FUTURE INDUSTRIES



## Our competitiveness.



**ONSHORE: 94 GW** WIND **GENERATION POTENTIAL: OFFSHORE: 117GW** 

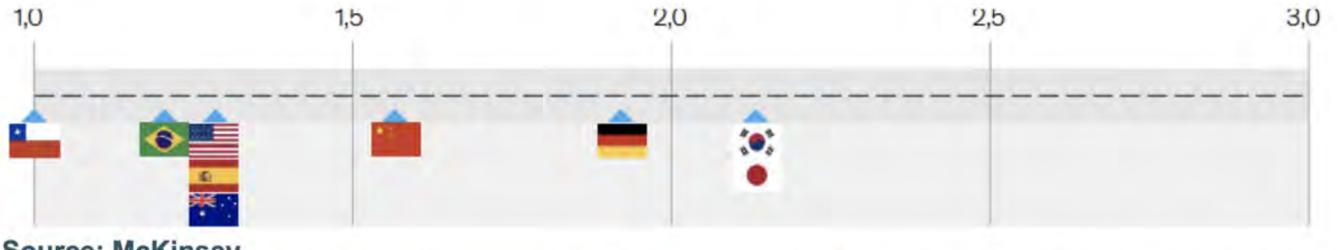
#### HYBRID POTENTIAL: 137 GW



#### Cost 2030

Benchmark de LCOH, 2030 USD/kg de H<sub>2</sub>

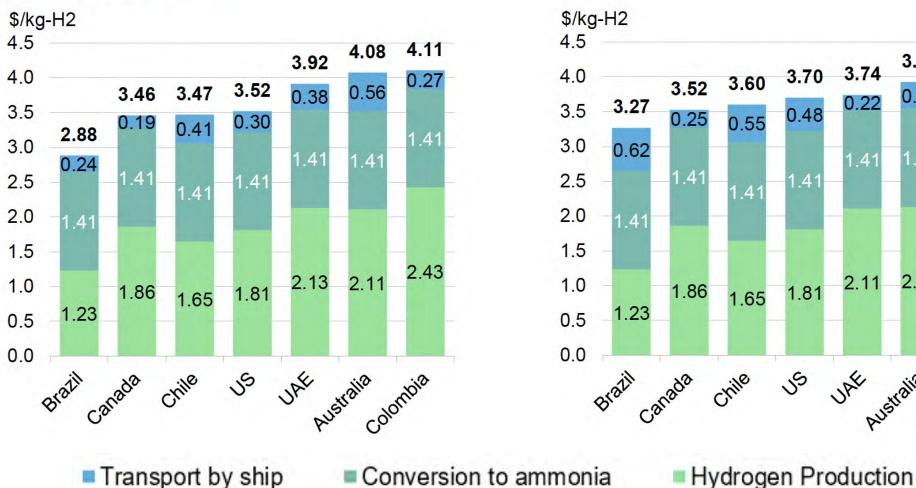
The levelised cost of Brazilian green hydrogen would be about ~1.50 USD/kg of H2 in 2030 and ~1.25 USD/kg of H2 in 2040.



#### Source: McKinsey

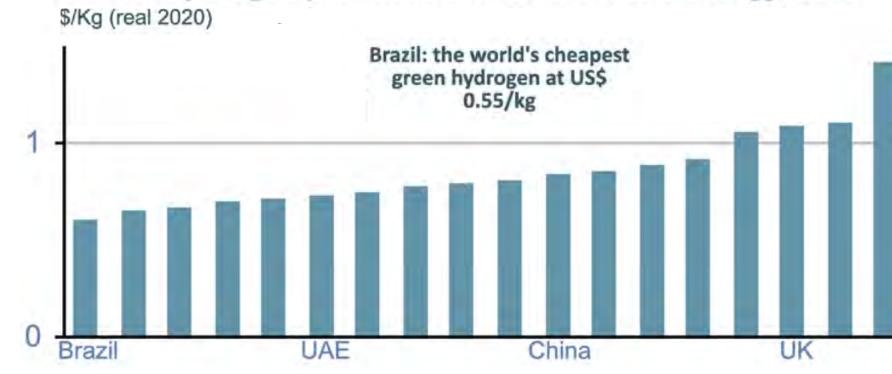
Note: The LCOH (Levelized Cost of Hydrogen) represents the costs of producing electricity, water, electrolysing cable and opex; does not include installation costs such as transmission lines, pipelines and storage, nor distribution and shipping costs.

#### Green ammonia unsubsidized delivery cost to Europe (Rotterdam), 2030



Source: BloombergNEF. Note: Costs are in \$ per kilogram of hydrogen. Ammonia contains 17.6% hydrogen by weight. Brazil exports from Pecem. Canada exports from Quebec to Rotterdam and from Vancouver to Tokyo. Chile exports from Antofagasta. US exports from Houston. UAE exports from Ruwais. Australia exports from Dampier. Colombia exports from Cartagena. Hydrogen production assumes levelized cost of hydrogen (LCOH) using western alkaline electrolyzer for each country.

2030



Cost of hydrogen production from renewable energy, 2050

Source: BloombergNEF - assumes an optimistic scenario of alkaline electrolysing costs and the use of solar photovoltaic or wind energy on the ground, which leads to a cheaper hydrogen production cost.

# +50 GW



3.93

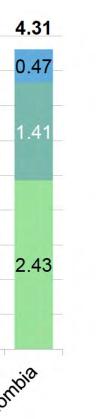
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2.11

UNE

1.81

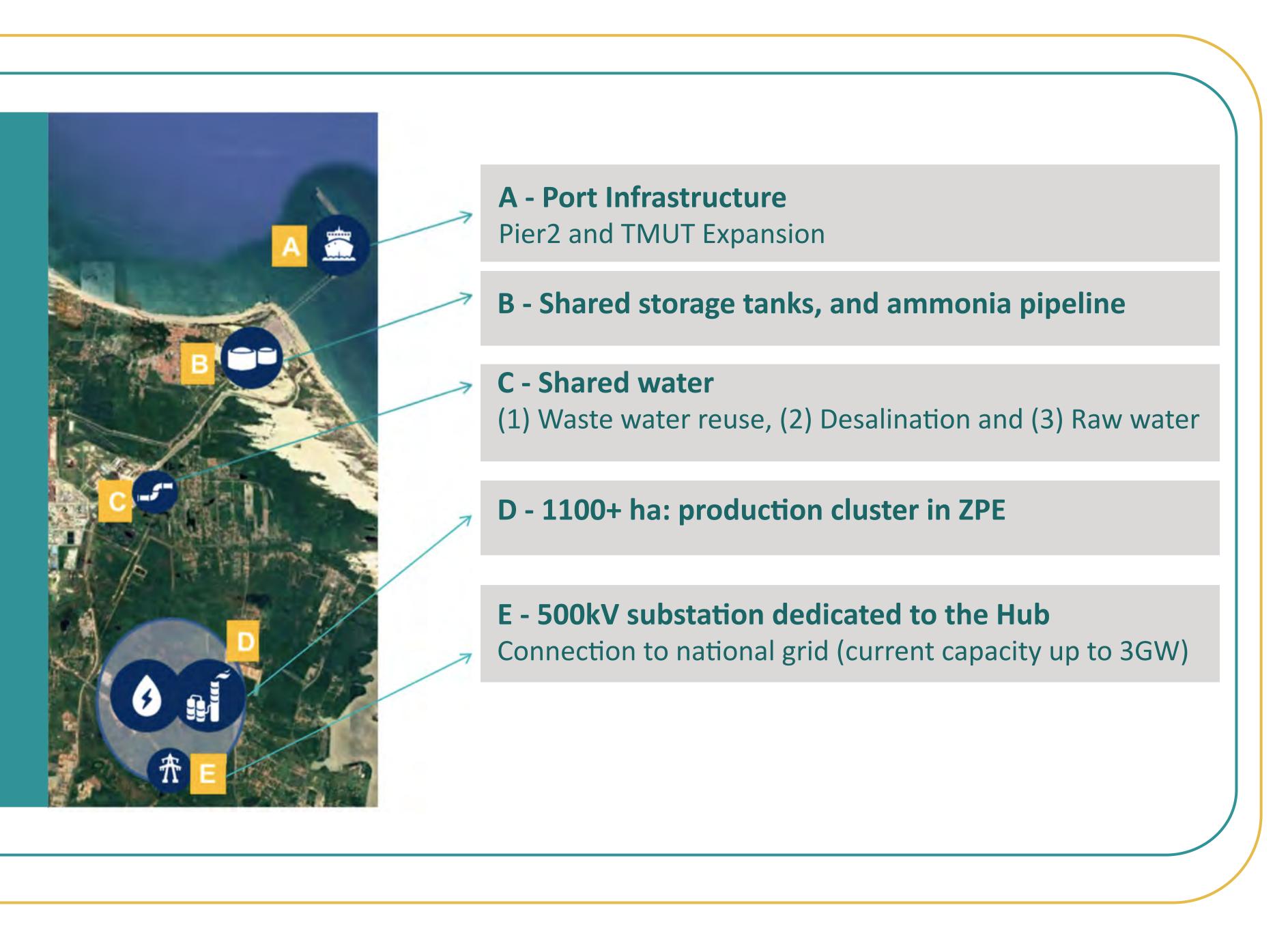
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## Green hydrogen hub.









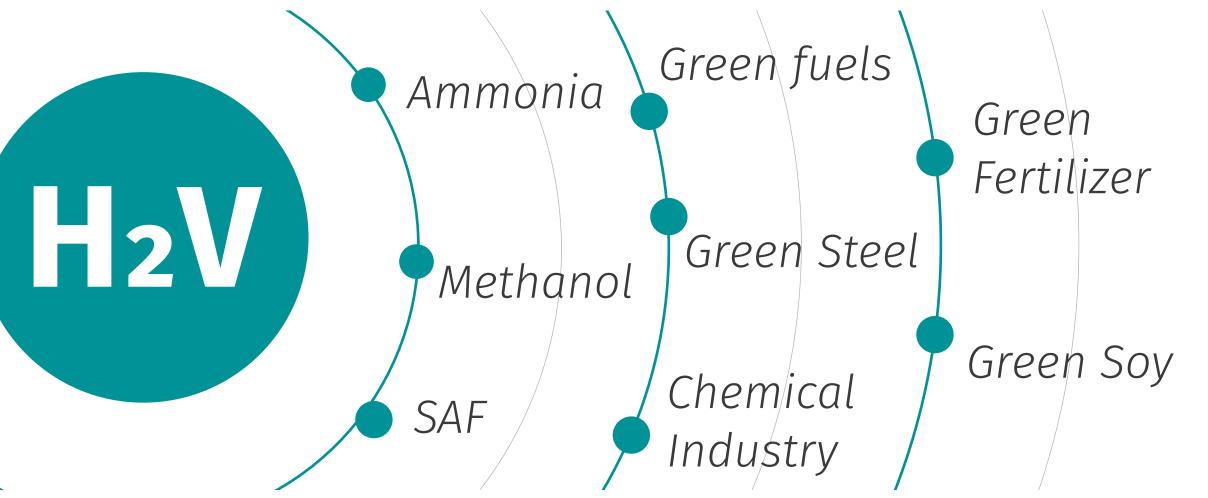
 Joint ambition to supply 25% of H2V imported from PoR by 2030. Around 1 million tons!

### We are ready!

**Opportunities** to local market:

 Supply chain from production in Pecem to consumers in Europe via Rotterdam.







# **Transnordestina Railway – Expanding our borders**

### Starting in 2027 (8m-38m ton)

- Grains
- Fertilizer
- Iron ore
- Fuels
- Containers

ELISEL MARTINS

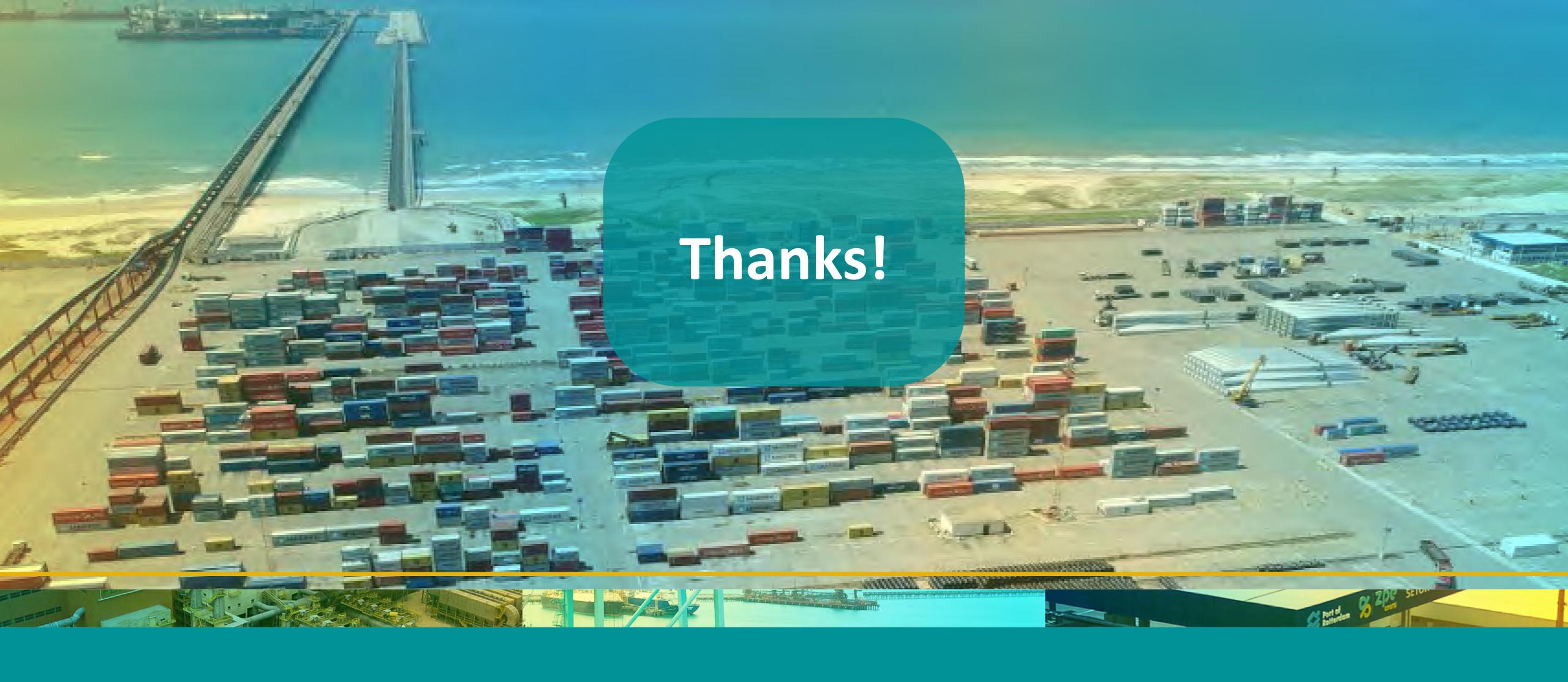




# US\$ 135m – World Bank

- Infrastructure investments
- More innovation, inclusion and sustainability





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