Energy Data and Analytics

Underpinning WB Operations with Reliable Analytical Tools and Data Sources
• At the current pace, the world is not on track to achieve the SDG 7 goals by 2030.

• ESMAP Energy Data and Analytics Program’s key partnerships with the UN and other institutions is critical to undertaking a comprehensive and holistic approach to the midterm review of SDG progress held in 2023.

• ESMAP’s convening power is critical to engaging multiple partners to work together towards SDG 7.

• The current engagements of the Energy Data and Analytics Program provide important knowledge, data, and opportunities for collaboration with key partners globally.

• Tools under this program are a public good enabling assessment, tracking and understanding of the global scenario and they provide operations with a comprehensive analytical approach to understand and formulate solutions.

• The Hubs have established collaborations with many ESMAP windows (Access, clean cooking, Foundations) and other GPs (Poverty, Data).
ESMAP ENERGY ANALYTICS HUB

Key Tools to Support SDG7

6th edition

13 reports published: over 12,000 views

4th edition: over 13,000 downloads

Looking Forward
Tracking SDG7 is a joint effort by international agencies, to track global progress on the energy pillars (access to electricity and clean cooking, renewables, efficiency, and financial flows).

The World Bank is the custodian agency on access to electricity indicator (SDG 7.1.1). It tracks the historical trends in the global, regional, and national electrification status from the household perspective.

The World Bank acts as secretariat to the Tracking SDG 7 Report and manage the production.

This edition Tracking SDG7 2023 will be launched at the HLPF on July 11, 2023 with a soft launch on June 6.

Currently published annually under severe budget constraint.
In 2021 still 675 ml people are lacking access to electricity and 2.3 billion don’t have access to clean fuels. Without stepped-up efforts, about 660 million people and 1.9 billion will not have access to electricity and clean cooking respectively in 2030. 

- **Renewable energy consumption made modest progress since 2010.** An acceleration of renewable deployment across all sectors is required to reach the SDG 7.2 target.

- The **improvements in energy efficiency slowed in recent years** due to a shift in economic structure during the COVID period.

- The **downward trend in international financial flows is expected to continue for the next few years.**
TRACKING SDG7

Major Collaborative Achievements and Contributions

- **UN - SDG7 policy briefs** in support of the High-Level Political Forum including the Regional Policy briefs

- **Synergies among all the Hub programs:** Multi-tier Framework Global Survey; RISE Global Rollout; Data and Innovation Hub

- **Mini Grids for Half a Billion People Handbook 2022**

- **Off-Grid Solar Market Trends Report 2022**

- **Rethinking Energy Access programs in Displacement Setting**

- **The Atlas of Sustainable Development Goals 2023** produced by the World Bank Data and Research department

- **2022 State of Climate Services**
Regional Emergency Solar Power Intervention Project (P179267): SDG 7 data points were used to understand regional contexts and engage dialogue with clients on how to improve grid-connected renewable capacity and regional integration.

Côte d’Ivoire National Electricity Digitalization and Access Operation (P176776): SDG 7 data were highlighted in the Project Appraisal Document to monitor the current status and progress of electricity access toward the SDG 7 goal.
MTF – MULTI-TIER FRAMEWORK

Measuring energy access on every dimension

- MTF captures the missing dimensions of energy services (reliability, affordability, quality, availability) for electricity and cooking services in the household and for community services (Health and education facilities) and productive uses.

- MTF helps understand the current energy service situation from an end-user perspective and identify a possible solution to increase the tier level on both access to electricity and clean cooking.

- Energy surveys are implemented in 25 access deficit countries.

- 13 country reports have been published, 11 country reports including 8 household surveys and 3 enterprise surveys are under approval and 4 country reports are under finalization. 5 countries are in the pipeline for the next FY.

WEBSITE: data available on ENERGYDATA.INFO
 Major Collaborative Achievements and Contributions

- **MTF Household** surveys in 25 countries; **MTF Enterprise** surveys in Kenya, Nepal, STP, Pakistan, and Eswatini

- In-depth analysis using MTF results (gender, clean cooking, off-grid)

- **Energy Survey Guidebook** (Poverty GP and WHO) launched in April 2022

- Survey methodology and implementation for **refugee and Displaced People** under the Leaving no One Behind program

- **Data support**: Chad, Pakistan, Democratic Republic of Congo (IFC), Papua New Guinea, Eswatini, South Sudan, Sudan, Benin, and Haiti

- **Pipeline (ongoing discussion)**: Angola, Malawi, Senegal, Namibia, Botswana

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**Key reference/usage of data from MTF:**

- **World Bank flagship reports**: (Market Trend Reports, The State of Access to Modern Energy Cooking Services, Electricity Access in Sub-Saharan Africa)

- **IEA Guidebook** for Improved Electricity Access Statistics

- **MIT/Comillas index** of progress in electrification access

- **WHO/SEforALL/IRENA/ESMAP** reports “Energizing Health: accelerating electricity access in health-care facilities”
Papua New Guinea: MTF survey has informed the discussion with the government of the baseline of the investment project.

Pakistan: MTF Analysis supported the energy team to have a dialogue on the access status and future intervention with the government.

Sierra Leone: MTF analysis facilitated the sector dialogue and informed the energy access program.

Madagascar and Rwanda gained insights on economic implications and affordability issues by using the MTF survey results.

Supported Malawi and eSwatini to design and implement the national energy baseline survey.

Helped the field survey for off-grid sector assessment in South Sudan.
RISE – REGULATORY INDICATORS FOR SUSTAINABLE ENERGY

Enabling Policies to Achieve SDG7

• Tracking SDG7 and MTF are tracking the outcomes tools but what policies must be in place to enable outcomes? RISE is a global inventory of policies and regulations to support the achievement of SDG7.

• 4 SDG7 pillars, 30+ indicators, and 160+ questions that can be compared:
  • across 140 economies—from Afghanistan to Zimbabwe
  • and over time – from 2010 to 2021
  • RISE scores them between 0-100 with traffic light system (red – yellow - green)

• Launch of the 4th edition was completed in December 2022

• Features: Gender focus, Market trends, COVID19 response database (Access and clean energy)
RISE 2022 RESULTS

• **Nearly half of all countries** surveyed have advanced policy frameworks **scoring in the green zone since 2010**

• Globally, electrification plans, off-grid access, and utility transparency policies have improved the most since 2010

• **Expanding Off-grid access policies remain a key priority** for the large majority of countries with electricity access deficits

• A notable exception to these positive trends is **utility creditworthiness, which has deteriorated** across several regions due possibly to the effect of COVID19 pandemic

• Energy **efficiency policies are not receiving adequate attention** amid unprecedent energy price hikes

• Renewable technologies have become cost-competitive with traditional baseload energy sources over the past decade, and many countries have **phased out incentives that compensate renewable energy** production

• Good practice policies, particularly for strengthening electricity access, have been **embedded in COVID recovery stimulus** packages to help minimize market disruptions in the energy sector
Major Collaborative Achievements and Contributions

- RISE included in WEF Energy Transition Index scoring annually since 2018
- RISE results spotlighted in REN21 Global Status Report
- IFC Infrastructure team has requested collaboration on data collection and validation in 2022
- IEA now using RISE to complement their tracking on EE policy
- SEforAll using RISE indicators as basis of their Sustainable Energy Policy Hub launched in 2023
- Gender and Energy Indicators Database created in 2022-23 in partnership with ESMAP Gender Program
RISE – REGULATORY INDICATORS FOR SUSTAINABLE ENERGY

Support and Inputs to WB Operations

- **Sub-Saharan Africa Regional Unit:** RISE Clean Cooking Country Summaries included in all Sub-Saharan African countries' Country Climate and Development Report (CCDR) submissions

- **Nigeria Multi-Phase Approach (MPA) Health GP operation:** RISE clean energy indicator data was used to determine net metering regulations, tariffs and incentives for ROI which were used to calculate energy savings and payback periods for RE/EE interventions in primary health clinics, and health warehouses in Nigeria as part of the Nigeria Improved Child Survival Program for Human Capital MPA Project (P167156 - $487.5M) which ESMAP supported

- **Morocco Maximizing Finance for Development (MFD) Energy operation:** RISE clean energy scores used as inputs for GDP outcome indicator comparisons for the energy sector as part of the Morocco Maximizing Finance for Development: Policy Environment Enabling Program (P169488 - $) project preparation
ELECTRICITY DEMAND ESTIMATION PROGRAM

Innovative data-oriented approach to estimate electricity demand from the agriculture sector

Operational support

• Uganda
  • Estimate electricity demand from the agriculture sector using both primary data collection (microdata) and geospatial data as well as a machine learning technique
  • Identify the challenges and opportunities of electrifying the agriculture sector from (1) demand-side and (2) supply-side perspectives
  • Inform the implementation of the energy project (Electricity Access Scale-up project) and the preparation of the agriculture project (Agriculture Cluster Development Project phase 2).

• Pipeline: Central African Republic and Madagascar

Knowledge product

• Fieldwork toolkit
  • Open-source toolkit to estimate electricity demand from the agriculture sector, particularly, irrigation.
  • Survey toolkit: Piloted in Uganda study.

Sample Outputs of Mozambique geospatial demand analysis
UNITED NATIONS ENGAGEMENT

2023

- Co-custodian of SDG7.
- Permanent Secretariat/publisher of its Annual Energy Tracking Report
- UN Energy (UN agency member only focus on energy issues)
- SDG7 Technical Advisory Group (multi-stakeholder group under UN DESA)

May

- 11 - 12 | Global Expert Group Meeting to prepare for SDG7 review at the HLPF 2023 - UNHQ, NY
- 10-19 | 2nd Global Review of SDG7 at HLPF - UNHQ, NY
- 11 | Launch SDG7 Policy Briefs – UNHQ, NY
- 11 | SDG7 TAG meeting UNHQ, NY
- 11 | Joint Global Launch of Tracking SDG7 2023

June

- 6 | Joint Global Soft Launch of Tracking SDG7 and the SDG7 Policy Briefs 2023

July

- 30 Nov to 12 Dec | UNFCCC COP 28 Dubai, UAE

November - December

- 2024
  - Summit of the Future
  - Global Stocktaking on SDG7 Implementation

September

- 18-19 | SDG Summit UNHQ, NY
- DATE TBC | Climate Ambition Summit UNHQ, NY
ENERGY DATA HUB

Trusted timely data for country operations

• Nearly **1,000 datasets covering 193 countries** and all ESMAP programs. Data coverage doubled within current BP.

• Growing use in LMICs with **India, Kenya, Nigeria, Pakistan, and South Africa** among top-10 user countries.

• Increased demand for country-specific data to support operations eg. **energy access, transmission** and **power systems planning**.

• Major update planned for EnergyData.info 2.0 in FY24.

• Growing coverage of Energy Data Hub by the media, think tanks and academia - used & referenced by:
ENERGY DATA HUB
Growing demand for data tools & applications

• Host of 23 tools and applications developed by ESMAP programs and partners.

• Growing partnership with WB regions to host applications including East Africa (Africa Electrification Platform) & South Asia (WePower Network).

• 33 partners across multilaterals, academia and technology companies in a growing global network.

Global Wind Atlas

Wind model and measurement data is needed to inform upstream studies, site selection and investment decisions.

- Providing open on- and offshore wind modeling data for country operations and partners.
- Informing TA or operations in Azerbaijan, Botswana, Ethiopia, Namibia, Tanzania, the Philippines, Pacific Islands, Southern Africa, and East Africa Region.

Transmission grid mapping

Transmission system operators often lack access to granular geospatial data about their grid limiting ability to plan.

- Using satellite imagery and AI transmission grids can be mapped bottom-up based on individual power towers, substations and power plants.
- Utilities will be able to establish new geospatial monitoring systems or strengthen existing O&M planning.

Global Solar Atlas

Investors and client governments need access to global GIS solar modeling data.

- Combination of global solar GIS layers and 100 local measurement sites provides a comprehensive map for decision makers and analysts who design feasibility studies for IPFs.
- Increased accuracy from local measurements contributes to reduced investor risk in project design.

Rooftop Planning Tool

Rooftop solar has significant potential to scale, but lack of credible estimates which limit deployment.

- The tool provides first of its kind estimates of rooftop solar potential for every building in 15 cities leveraging satellite imagery.
- Estimates provides certainties to governments on the city-level and investors gain certainty at individual property level.
- Scaling now planned with Innovative Solar.
AI and satellite imagery has truly democratizing potential for energy sector management and innovation. Yet, use of AI is often constrained in LMICs due to lack of tools and technical capacity.

Artificial intelligence (AI) has the potential to strengthen energy management, resilience planning, and contribute to grid decarbonization.

Real-time data sharing can unlock innovative business models eg. time of use rates and demand response.

Global knowledge and technical assistance to strengthen enabling environments of client countries across digital, AI, and cyberresilience.

ENERGY DATA INNOVATION
Ensuring equitable access to artificial intelligence for energy planning, real-time energy data, and cybersecurity

Current activities of Energy Innovation Hub
Georgia | AI for hydropower forecasting

Data sharing – Data gaps and limited access to modeling tools limit performance of dispatch and load balancing in Georgia's hydropower sector.

- AI for hydropower forecasting to improve grid decarbonization and inform new IPF.
- Improved measurement stations and capacity building can enable analytical capabilities of Georgian State Electrosystem (TSO).

Maldives | Energy data sharing for innovative business models

Data sharing – Lack of availability timely energy data limits the opportunity for deployment of innovative models such as demand response and time of use rates.

- Platform for real-time energy data will enable grid decarbonization and unlock innovative market tools.
- Platform and technical helpdesk to be included in additional financing package.

Nigeria | Responsible data sharing for mini grids

Data sharing - Investors, utilities and government lack access to mini grid data to inform investments and grid planning.

- Responsible data sharing can unlock mini grid insights while protecting data privacy and personal data.
- Prototyping through DARES Nigeria will enable scale to multiple countries through the DARES partnership.

Vietnam | Ensuring cybersecurity

Cybersecurity - EVN (utility) is seeking to strengthen cyber resilience of transmission grid and SCADA infrastructure.

- Cybersecurity assessment to inform investments in grid infrastructure and strengthen standards equipment purchases.

Energy Access

Utilities for the Energy Transition

SIDS

Hydropower Development Facility

Energy Data Innovation

Country engagements with ESMAP programs & partners

2023
ENERGY DATA INNOVATION
AI for climate resilience of transmission grid in Bangladesh

Challenges
• Transmission grids are exposed to risks from heat, flooding and weather hazards.
• O&M planning requires localized data on vegetation and land use along transmission lines.

Activities
• New AI-based approach to mapping of transmission grids combined with climate models to identify points of risk along the Bangladesh transmission grid.
• Geospatial climate risk data science capacity leveraged with European Space Agency (ESA).

Expected results
• Climate risk analysis to support Power Grid Company of Bangladesh and resilience recommendations to inform new Transmission Grid Enhancement & Modernization Project ($680M IPF, board March ‘24).
• Seek scale across countries through TA and CCDRs.
ENERGY DATA INNOVATION
Ensuring cybersecurity for Moldova's transmission grid in a rapidly changing energy landscape

Challenge
• Rapid integration with European grid means need to align Moldova on EU and ENTSO-E cybersecurity standards and procedures.
• Moldelectrica (TSO) needs regular vulnerability assessments, and address gaps in transmission grid security, eg. Communications protocols.
• Skill gaps among key cybersecurity staff.

Activities
• Technical assistance to Moldelectrica to obtain ISO certification, improve staff capacity, and enhance security standards for forthcoming transmission grid investments.

Expected results
• Moldelectrica will become cyberresilient and aligned with EU standards with established procedures, trained personal and required certifications.

Recent energy cybersecurity events:
• Indonesia (2022): Data breach of personal information from utility
• South Africa (2019): Cyber-attack
• Ukraine (2015, 2022): 225,000 costumers left without power due to outage
LOOKING FORWARD
Supporting the WB’s Evolution

• The World Bank Group’s recently published Evolution Roadmap includes an additional extension on climate change and a strong focus on global public goods. Extensions are intended to be priority areas for development to dig deeper into each of the building blocks of growth.

• ESMAP’s Energy Data and Analytics Program is well placed to support the WBG and client countries on key climate and growth priorities, especially as a primary source for Country Climate and Development Reports (CCDRs) which are now the basis for creating Country Partnerships for Climate and Development with clients going forward.

• In addition to the current engagements of the analytics and data hubs, a number of additional programs are planned for FY24 and beyond including on innovation.
**GERI – GLOBAL ELECTRICITY REGULATORY INDEX**

Establishing Good Practice for Regulators

**The way forward**

- Complement RISE database with de jure and de facto data on economic and technical regulation
- Focus on governance practices (autonomy, accountability) for regulators as well as actual content of regulation (tariff setting, quality of supply and market entry) in over 80 developing countries through RISE data collection
- Mainstream the use of GERI now in core diagnostic World Bank InfraSAP to enable, and to inform energy sector reforms and policy making.

**Enhance collaboration among the World Bank and AFDB (ERI) to produce the Global Electricity Regulatory Index (GERI)**

- **Take GERI to a global level:** Plans in motion with AFDB to formalize GERI into a global bi-annual index, including a dedicated website of country scores and reports.
GERI – Highlights of key results

- The global GERI average score was 59% in 2021.
  - About half (54%) of the countries fell in the intermediate stage range (50%-74%);
  - with only 17 ranked above (75%-100%).

- Globally, countries performed poorly on regulatory substance due to poorly developed tariff methodologies (37%). The low score reflects poorly specified tariff methodologies rather than an absence of tariff methodologies.

- Lack of regulatory independence is a challenge faced under Regulatory Governance (RG) in almost all countries (29%). Many countries lack provisions in the electricity laws to prohibit the regulatory authority head and board members from taking up employment in regulated utilities at any point in their career.

- Financial remuneration of regulators was another area of weakness under RG (59%). Particularly, attracting and retaining talented staff of regulatory authorities remains a challenge in many countries (average score 31%).
Global Tracking Framework
Building on UPBEAT, A New Framework for Utility Performance

Objectives
- Assess and understand the performance of power sector utilities, through financial, operational, and transparency indicators
- Support utility dialogue and preparation of utility recovery operations

Rationale
- Hard to diagnose problems, and find solutions, without accurate measuring and reporting
- Data transparency can motivate improvement

Methodology
- Focus on individual utilities, rather than the power sector
- Focus on public data wherever possible

Database
- 20+ financial, operational, & transparency indicators as well as supporting data
Global Tracking Framework

Online dashboard and series of reports launched for SSA, currently extending to ~160 utilities in all WB regions

Example finding: ECA is the only region with more than half of utilities recovering operating & debt service costs

Example finding: Distribution losses show a more encouraging trend, having decreased across regions

Indicators for SSA published on updated online dashboard, other regions to follow

More insights at: utilityperformance.energydata.info
Global Tracking Framework

Global Tracking Framework and UPBEAT data are gaining increasing traction among a range of audiences

**WB project design and dialogue with client utilities, examples include:**

- Benchmarking of utility costs and cost recovery as part of utility reform engagements in Kenya, Malawi, Ghana, South Sudan
- Financial performance gap analysis of utilities in Zambia and Zimbabwe
- Comparative analysis for new regional energy access project in East and Southern Africa
- Assessment of impact of utility unbundling on energy crisis in Uzbekistan

**EEX regional strategy and analysis**

- UPBEAT is informing new analytical work on utility performance in Western and Central and Africa, providing both the conceptual framework and foundational data for deep dive on specific utilities’ performance issues
- UPBEAT data used to provide overview of utilities and potential performance issues in southern Africa as part of regional EEX planning

**Workshops and conferences with client utility management**

- UPBEAT data and analysis used to convene roundtable discussions on utility performance with utility executives from across Africa (including Association of Power Utilities of Africa annual meetings, Powering Africa conference, Africa Energy Forum)

**Academic research**

- Early interest from academia to use data in research on infrastructure economics and public policy

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More insights at: utilityperformance.energydata.info
THANK YOU.

Contact – Phone – Email
### Electricity Access
- New sub indicators focused on modern solar-hybrid minigrids in consultation with Access CoP
- **COVID-Energy Access** Module: separate survey focused on access scale-up for health service providers and beneficiaries

### Clean Cooking
- New subindicators focused on **last mile distribution** barriers
- Expanded subindicators on **financing** options and incentives for clean cooking products, fuels, and consumers

### Clean Energy
- New and updated fiscal incentives for renewable energy projects
- New subindicators on **net-zero energy buildings** and energy efficiency in buildings
- **COVID Response Database**: new online product of 2020-2021 COVID response policies in clean energy sectors

### Other New Features
- **Gender and Energy indicators**: 30+ question survey assessing gender roles in energy access, clean energy, and overall female participation in the energy sector. All 140 countries covered
- **MARCOT** survey assessing electricity market structures, sector regulation, and energy mix statistics
Indicators in red were updated in RISE 2022 to increase stringency by reflecting recent changes in good practice and energy market development.
RISE 2022 RESULTS

Nearly half of all countries surveyed have advanced policy frameworks scoring in the green zone.
RISE 2022 RESULTS

All country groupings saw advances in the Latest two-year period, but consistency of progress remains uneven across regions.
RISE 2022 RESULTS

The RISE COVID-19 Module revealed regional differences in support for electricity consumers and healthcare Infrastructure, but energy access was a clear priority worldwide.

Policy Support for electricity access to end-users, electricity suppliers, and public institutions in 2020-2021

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Share of Countries</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>East Asia &amp; Pacific</td>
<td>10% 10% 24% 24% 7% 24%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Latin America &amp; Caribbean</td>
<td>20% 20% 30% 30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Asia</td>
<td>19% 19% 19% 19% 25%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sub-Saharan Africa</td>
<td>23% 14% 18% 13% 18% 14%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Green: Mechanism for grid end-users
- Blue: Mechanism for mini grid and off-grid end-users
- Orange: Mechanism for financial support to grid service providers
- Yellow: Mechanism for financial support to mini grid and off-grid service providers
- Brown: Plans for fostering electrification of public institutions
- Red: Funding for scaling-up access for such facilities
ENERGY DATA HUB

Expanding data coverage

OPEN DATA AND ANALYTICS
FOR A SUSTAINABLE ENERGY FUTURE

33
PARTNERS

23
AUPS

975
DATASETS

193
COUNTRIES

Search over 975 datasets from 193 countries

ENERGY ACCESS
TRANSMISSION & DISTRIBUTION
RENEWABLE ENERGY
RESOURCE ASSESSMENT

2023
ENERGY DATA HUB

A growing set of data & technology partners
ENERGY DATA HUB

Global Wind Atlas 3.2 & 3.3

New features
• Full translation of the site into Arabic, Chinese, French, Russian and Spanish.
• Possibility to view combine layers in a user-friendly way (e.g. view mean wind speed map with data from bathymetry map).
• Download a GIS file of a custom area.
• Introduction of three new wind turbine map layers.
• It is now possible to view the result of the Energy Yield Calculator on the map.
• Performance improvement of the site.

Strong demand from country operations
• Informed Offshore Wind Roadmaps in Philippines (P175004), Ethiopia (P151309), East Africa Region (P174175) and Azerbaijan (P175716).
ENERGY DATA HUB

Global Solar Atlas 2.7 & 2.8

New updates include
• Updated solar radiation and meteorological database.
• Interactive maps PV energy calculator
• Solar data area analysis for regions and custom areas
• Global GIS data layer download
• Database of 100 solar measurements on EnergyData.info
ENERGY DATA HUB

Global Rooftop Solar Tool

- Rooftop estimation tool piloted for 15 cities
- Metrics include estimated yearly potential power generation, and installable capacity across various building types
- Scaling with Innovative Solar
ENERGY INNOVATION

AI FOR ANALYSIS OF CLIMATE RISK TO ENERGY ASSETS

• Data on energy assets (transmission grids, substations power plants) combined with climate risk data (natural hazards, temperature) can inform climate resilience planning including CCDRs
• Decision makers e.g. regulators, utilities and ministries lack information on energy assets and capacity to analyze the impact of climate risk
• Country-level high-level analysis does not provide the required level of detail needed for informing investment decisions
ENERGY DATA INNOVATION

FY24 Country pipeline

- Bangladesh: Use of artificial intelligence for climate risk resilience planning
- Georgia: Use of artificial intelligence for hydropower forecasting
- Maldives: Energy data sharing for utility data sharing
- Moldova: Cybersecurity technical assistance and capacity building for the TSO
- Nigeria: Providing a Responsible Data Sharing Framework for Mini Grids
- Tajikistan: Cybersecurity capacity building of DSOs and TSOs
- Uzbekistan: Cybersecurity technical assistance and capacity building for the TSO
- Vietnam: Cybersecurity assessment and technical assistance