







Climate Change Vulnerability and Adaptation Assessment Workshop 2: Adaptation to meet the demands of the future

Tashkent - April 20, 2010





An Example Project









- Framing Workshop
 - Agreed on a core objective
 - "Identify the most environmentally, socially and economically optimal greenhouse gas management policy for the Water **Corporation of Western Australia**"
 - Defined the approaches
 - Analysis of 11 GHG abatement trajectories
 - Defined the externalities to be examined
 - Defined the major assumptions and analysis parameters











Carbon emission trajectories considered

resources & energy

· Business as Usual

Carbon Neutrality Measures

- Linear path to CO_{2-e} neutral by 2020
- Linear path to CO_{2-e} neutral by 2030
- Shallow path to CO_{2-e} neutral by 2030
- Steep path to CO_{2-e} neutral by 2030

Government Target Measures

- Match 5% reduction target by 2020
- Match 25% reduction target by 2020
- Exceed Govt. target by 10%: 35% reduction target by 2020

CO2-e Intensity Measures

- Maintain current CO_{2-e} intensity
- 10% pa reduction in CO_{2-e} intensity
- 80% reduction in CO_{2-e} intensity by 2030
- Zero net GHG emissions



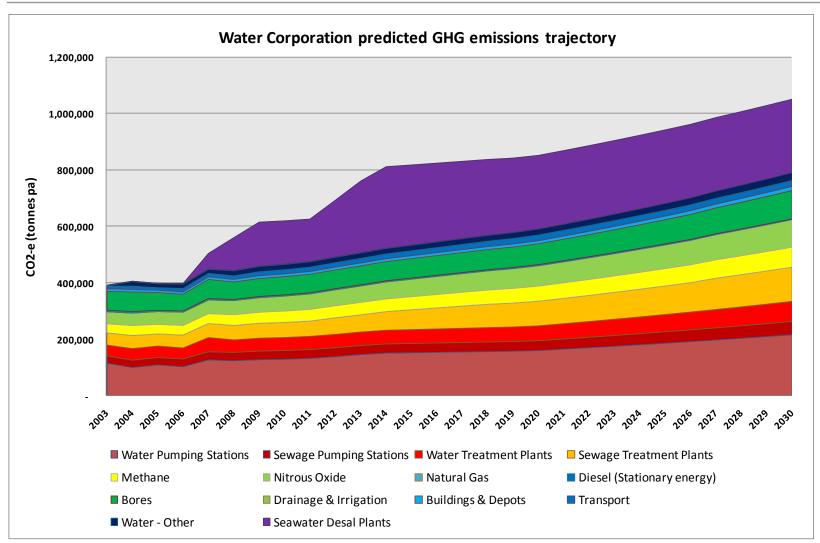








Water Corporation predicted GHG emissions













Financial and External Components

resources & energy

Financial

- CAPEX
- OPEX
- Energy costs / cost savings (from energy use)
- Carbon credits

Externalities

- CO_{2-e}
- SO_X and NO_X
- Total Economic Value of Water



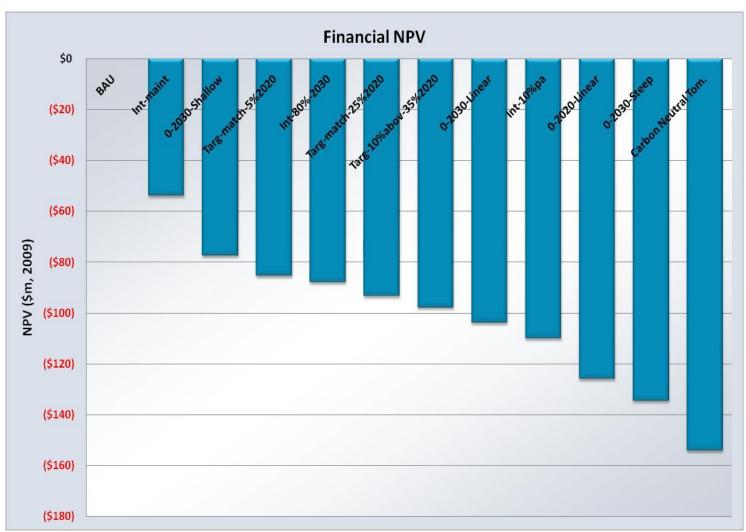








Base Case - Financial

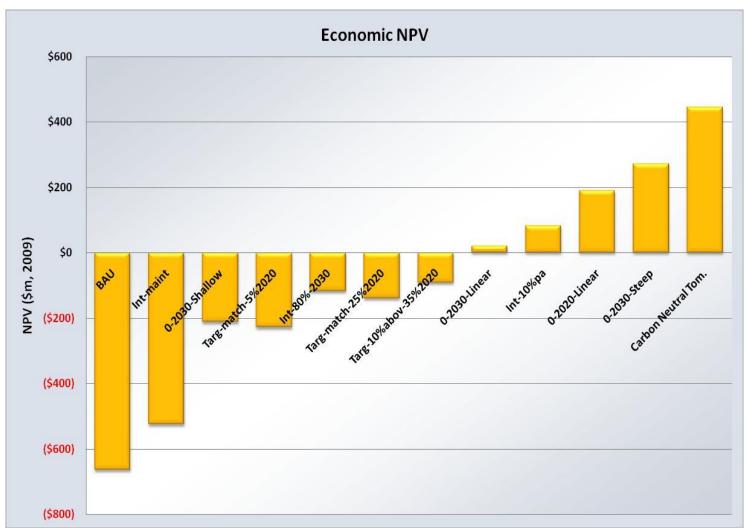








Base Case - Economic





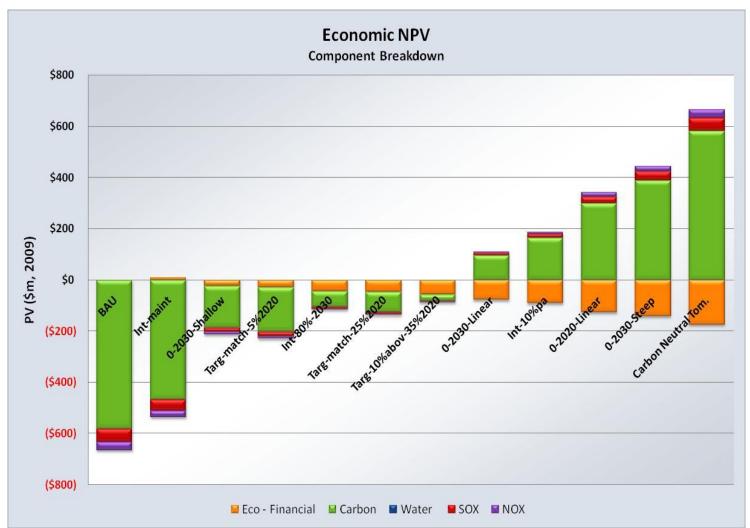








Base Case – Economic Breakdown





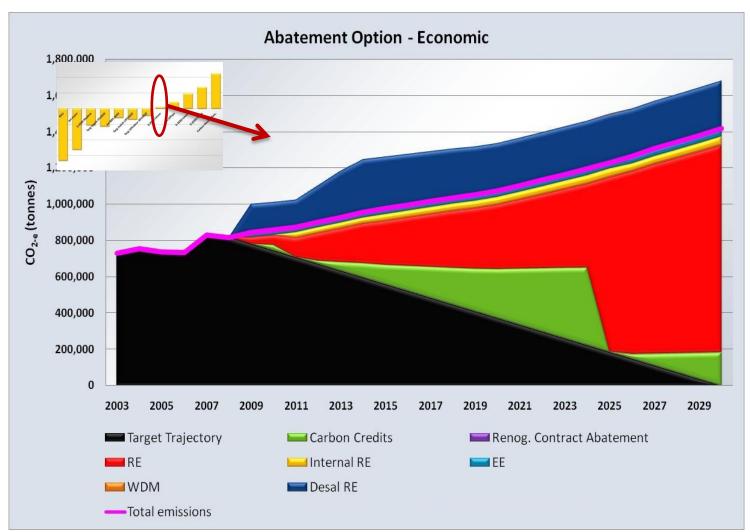








Base Case – GHG Abatement – Linear Reduction to Net Carbon Neutral by 2030











Thank You













