

Gender, Health and Social Aspects of SE4ALL Goals: *Women's economic empowerment*

Sheila Oparaocha, ENERGIA

ESMAP Knowledge Exchange Forum (KEF) 21 November 2013, The Hague

Ŵ

Overview

- SE4ALL's key gender energy interactions
- Missing perspective: Energy Women's
 Economic Empowerment (WEE) Nexus
- Examples of WEE in energy programmes and strategies used
- Creating an enabling environment: a way forward for SE4All

ENERGIA: International network on gender and sustainable energy



 Since 1996 creating an institutional base for mainstreaming gender into the energy sector in developing countries

- Direct presence in 22 countries
- 5th Phase:
 2012 2019













SE4All Initiatives

High-Impact Opportunities

- Universal adoption of clean cookstoves and fuels
- Energy sources for women's health facilities

Bottom-Up Solutions

- Social programs with special focus on schools and health clinics
- Gender and energy
 empowerment approach



Post-2015 Development Agenda: Women's Economic Empowerment





Investing in women's economic empowerment sets a direct path towards gender equality, poverty eradication and inclusive economic growth (UN Women)

SE4ALL Opportunity: Energy - WEE Nexus

Double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency

EE to reduce costs & increase profits in women enterprises

Universal energy access

Women's productive activities in high impact value chains

Labour-saving technology to increase productivity of women's labour

Double the RE share in global energy mix

Women's employment and enterprises selling goods and services in RE value chain



Case Study – Energy Access: Improved Cook Stoves Cambodia





Venture making inexpensive and environmentallyfriendly stoves

Main 46% of income urban generating Saved households activity of consumers 10% of all >3000 > €7.5M people (2003 -253 business country (52%) 2010) owners, women) 84 stove producers, 171 distributors

> 2 million cook stoves since 2003 urban households
10% of all households in the country

Case Study – Energy Access: Improved Cook Stoves Cambodia







WEE Strategies

- Promote gender equity in the selection of retailers (= critical success factor)
- Prioritize women in technical training
- Training and mentoring for management & leadership positions
- Women analyze and monitor cook stove dissemination



Case Study – Renewable Energy: Solar Sister



3 countries

- Women Micro-Retailers sell solar products in East Africa (Uganda, Rwanda, South Sudan)
- Affordable solar lamps and small solar systems to communities



501 entrepreneurs

63,995 people benefitting from solar lights...





Case Study – Renewable Energy: Solar Sister

WEE Strategies

- Use natural networks distribution channel to rural and hard-to-reach customers
- Women become their own bosses, creating sustainable businesses
- Multiple lighting products on offer
- Tracked and managed



Case Study – Energy Access: *JITA: Bangladesh*





4080 ac women qu entrepreneurs distribution hubs

2 million rural households get access to quality products targeting 7 million by 2015

Case Study – Energy Access: JITA: Bangladesh





WEE Strategies:

- Gain access to rural underserved consumers through local entrepreneurial sales ladies
- Build individual capacities and help them develop and strengthen own communities

Case Study – Enabling Environment: ENERGIA Gender Mainstreaming Approach





Phase 3&4: 32 medium/large scale energy access projects in Africa and Asia

PREPARE

Background review, organizational assessment, consult project community

DESIGN

Gender Action Plan (goal, expected outcomes, activities and M&E framework)

IMPLEMENT

Institutionalize the process (org. policies, staffing, capacity building, documentation)

MONITOR

Track progress, outcomes and communicate

Case Study – Enabling Environment: GM gives insight into entry points

Pakistan domestic biogas program
Senegal rural electrification and domestic energy supply

Nepal Biogas Sector Programme
Africa Biogas Partnership Programme
Philippines community-based rural electrification (PV, microhydro, wind)

New interventions identified in gender analysis

> Technology improvements

Encourage women in supply chain

Training

Identify & promote women in decision making roles Improve quality of life

Increase women's productivity & income

> Promote gender equality & empower women

Sri Lanka liquid biofuels & microhydro Kenya electrical utility





Case Study – Enabling Environment: ENERGIA GM Approaches

Lessons

- Introduce GM in the design phase
- Use a flexible/ adaptable approach to GM
- Sustainable GM process is led by local team
- Endorsement/ involvement of senior management key
- Provide backstopping



Case Study – Enabling Environment: Power to the Poor (P2P) in Laos



- Pick-up rate in electrified villages only 70%
- Inequality identified in connection uptake rates in rural communities
- Connection cost barrier addressed by a targeted subsidy mechanism

Increase in electricity access went from 63% to 90% of female-headed households



Scaled up: electrification rate increased to 78% to 95% ~20,000 disadvantaged households connected to the grid...

Case Study – Enabling Environment: Power to the Poor (P2P) in Laos





WEE Strategies

- Gather data: this allowed for the understanding that poor households remaining unconnected were disproportionately headed by women
- Design sustainable financing mechanism with a gender focus
- Use participatory methods and gendersensitive eligibility criteria

Women's Economic Empowerment: Entry Points& Key Strategies





A way forward for SE4ALL





Questions for today





- 1. What are other experiences with WEE in energy or other sectors?
- 2. Is this the way forward for SE4ALL?
- 3. Is this actionable? How does WEE integrate with agency and donor practices?

Equal access to energy for both women-owned & men-owned businesses can create **new jobs** and **private enterprises**, and reduce the gender gap in **economic opportunities**, **earning** and **productivity**.





Thank you