The ESMAP program has promoted renewable energy by providing countries with technical assistance on policy analysis, developing sub-sector strategies, and exploring innovative solutions for overcoming barriers and developing renewable energy markets. Following is a descriptive list of projects of the ESMAP's renewable energy portfolio through FY2006 to FY2011.

TABLE 1 – ESMAP Renewable Energy Activities (FY2006 through FY2011)

| Country/Region | ESMAP Activity | FY | Description | Type of Activity |
|---|---|------|---|---|
| Sub-Sahara Africa – South Africa, Ghana, Nigeria and Uganda | Income Generation through Productive uses of Energy | 2004 | Analytical study to identify a bundle of "critical" interventions that should accompany electrification investments in order to allow micro and small enterprises to take advantage of first time access to grid electricity in order to increase incomes and employment | Capacity Building |
| Global | Potential for Biofuels in Developing Countries | 2004 | Analytical work on the potential on the potential of biofuels in developing countries | Knowledge Exchange |
| Global | Trade Policies for Liquid Biofuels | 2006 | Review of barriers to biofuel trade, and the evaluation of the conditions for making biofuel trade liberalization effective, and the assessment of the potential benefits for developing countries, and the policy recommendations | Knowledge Exchange |
| Global | Briefing papers on Grid Connected RE | 2006 | Analytical papers on topics related to Grid connected RE | Knowledge Exchange |
| Global | Risk Assessment Method for Utilities | 2006 | Development of a framework and a plan for developing improved power utility planning methods that leads to a more robust and diverse energy generation mixes in developing country utilities that minimize risk-adjusted supply costs | Knowledge Exchange |
| Brazil | Brazil Biodiesel Study | 2006 | Conduct analysis on the economic and social costs and benefits of biodiesel production to Brazil, estimate its fiscal, distributive, and environmental impacts, and identify practical policy measures that can be taken by the Brazilian government | Policy reform and institutional capacity building |
| Colombia | Review of Renewable Energy sector Policy and Regulatory Framework | 2006 | Technical assistance to the Government of Colombia in the development of a comprehensive policy and regulatory framework to support the cost-effective development and use of its endowment of renewable energy resources | Policy reform and institutional capacity building |
| Morocco | Renewable Energy Regulation for Wind Development in Morocco | 2006 | Technical assistance (TA) on the development of a commercial framework for the wind resources. To foster the creation of a sustainable wind power generation market in Egypt based on commercial principles and private sector participation | Policy reform and institutional capacity building |
| Peru | Peru Rural Electrification | 2006 | Technical assistance to conduct a survey of rural electricity use in Peru to contribute to developing a national rural electrification strategy. ESMAP assisted the government in developing the national survey, while the government of Peru financed survey implementation. The survey results have helped the government of Peru to justify changes in the provision of subsidies to rural electrification. | Policy reform and institutional capacity building |
| Uganda | Uganda Power SIL | 2006 | Support to the Specific Investment Lending on the Fourth Power Project (Power IV) for Uganda, in order to increase generation capacity to meet power, demand and as well as implement comprehensive sector reforms. | Project Development |
| Uganda | Uganda Energy for Rural | 2006 | Support to the Adaptable Program Lending (APL) for the Energy for Rural Transformation (ERT) | Project Development |

| | Transform | | projects for social services like health, education, and water; as well as smart subsidies for rural energy and ICT services; through the Ministry of Energy and Mineral Development, the Rural Electrification Agency, and the Private Sector Foundation | |
|-------------------------|---|------|---|---|
| Sub-Saharan Africa | Lighting Africa | 2007 | Support an initiative which fosters the private sector to develop, accelerate, and sustain the market for modern off-grid lighting technologies tailored to the needs of African consumers, through the scale up the delivery of affordable non-fossil fuel lighting services | Project Development |
| Tunisia | A New Impetus for Energy Management Policy | 2007 | Study and analysis to establish a diagnosis of Tunisia's energy management policy, and to identify barriers to energy management. Three other additional studies focused on horizontal topics: energy pricing, regulation and energy security, and to develop solutions to remove the barriers to energy management | Capacity Building |
| Mexico | Energy Security and Climate Change AAA | 2007 | Preparation of policy notes to support the Government of Mexico on the following areas; (a) alternatives to current public financing mechanisms for investments in the energy sector; (b) design and implementation of targeted energy subsidy systems for the poor; (c) structural changes within state-owned energy enterprises in Mexico to improve performance; and (d) a climate change mitigation and adaptation strategy | Policy reform and institutional capacity building |
| Global | Fuel Price Risk & Power Systems Planning | 2007 | Development of a tool for system planners that could improve the performance of WASP generation analysis by bringing in an explicit consideration of fuel price and other types of systematic risks | Knowledge Exchange |
| Nicaragua | Renewable Energy Policy and Strategy in Nicaragua | 2007 | Assist the Government of Nicaragua in developing policy/strategy for the promotion of renewable energy resources in Nicaragua, to facilitate the development of a renewable energy law | Policy reform and institutional capacity building |
| Mozambique | MZ-Modern Biofuels Assessment | 2007 | Conducting an assessment of biofuel development in Mozambique, in order (a) to reduce the overall burden of imported fossil fuels, (b) mitigate the volatility of this cost to the country attributable to variations in petroleum prices (and exacerbated by exchange rate volatility) and (c) promote socioeconomic development through growth of expanded agricultural activities based on the cultivation of various biofuels feed stocks | Technology Road map/ Assessment |
| Republic of Slovakia | Establishing Regulatory Framework for Renewable Energy Sources | 2007 | Technical assistance to support the implementation of a regulatory framework for the development of renewable energy sources (RES), and particularly the generation and distribution of renewable electricity (RE) in Slovakia, through the provision of expertise to RONI | Policy reform and institutional capacity building |
| Egypt | Commercial Wind Development Framework | 2008 | Technical assistance to the Government of Egypt in developing a framework for large-scale development of wind energy, to foster private sector participation in line with their target of 20% renewable energy installed by 2020 | Policy reform and institutional capacity building |
| Peru | Overcoming Barriers to Hydropower Investment | 2008 | Assessment of the role of hydropower in the country's energy mix, and the development of an operational framework to enable public/private investment in hydropower investment. | Policy reform and institutional capacity building |
| Peru | Assessing the Impacts of Climate Change on Mountain Hydrology: Development of a Methodology through a Case Study in Peru | 2008 | Development and demonstration of a methodology to assess the impacts caused by climate impacts (rapid mountain warming, with the consequent changes in glaciers and mountain wetlands, and change in rainfall patterns) on Peru's hydrology | Knowledge Exchange |

| Latin American | Capacity Building in | 2009 | Capacity building activity seeks to improve the capacity of implementing agencies of IBRD/IDA projects | Capacity Building |
|----------------|---------------------------------|------|--|---|
| Countries | Renewable Energy for | | in (a) assessing and developing markets for renewable energy technologies as part of access strategies; | |
| | Implementing Agencies | | (b) implementing activities or components of projects aimed at increasing access through renewable energy; and (c) monitoring and evaluating the performance of these activities | |
| | of Electricity Access Projects | | energy; and (c) monitoring and evaluating the performance of these activities | |
| China | Evaluating the | 2010 | Planning and assessment strategies tools for countries to conduct RE resource assessments and | |
| | Renewable Energy | | determine economic quantities of RE | Policy Reform and |
| | target in China | | | Institutional Capacity Building |
| Philippines | Renewable Energy | | | Delian Deferme and |
| D 1 | Market Development | | | Policy Reform and Institutional Capacity Building |
| Belarus | Belarus Energy Efficiency | | | mistrutional capacity building |
| Mexico | Renewable Energy | | | Policy Reform and |
| WICKICO | Assistance Program | | | Institutional Capacity Building |
| | Ŭ | | | |
| | | | | Policy Reform and |
| Nepal | Nepal: Removing | | Appropriate policy reform and institutional capacity building measures necessary to support the | Institutional Capacity Building |
| Пераг | Obstacles to Nepal's | | development and deployment of specific RE technology along countries and regional lines | Policy Reform and |
| | Hydropower | | development and deproyment of specific N2 technology along countries and regional lines | Institutional Capacity Building |
| | Development | | | |
| India | India: CSP Initiative | | | Policy Reform and |
| | | | | Institutional Capacity Building |
| Mexico | Mexico: Promoting | | | Policy Reform and |
| | Mini-hydro | | | Institutional Capacity Building |
| | Development and other | | | |
| Peru | Renewables Peru: Overcoming | - | | Policy Reform and |
| Peru | Barriers to Hydropower | | | Institutional Capacity Building |
| | Investment | | | mistrational capacity banding |
| LAC | Central America | | | Project Development/ Policy |
| | countries(Panama, | | | Reform and Institutional |
| | Costa Rica, El Salvador, | | | Capacity Building |
| | Nicaragua, Honduras, | | | |
| | Guatemala): | | | |
| | Geothermal Assistance Component | | | |
| MENA | Middle East and North | | | Policy Reform and |
| | Africa countries: | | | Institutional Capacity Building |
| | Regional CSP Initiative | | | |
| Global | Global: CSP Regulatory | | | Policy Reform and |

| | and Financial Incentives | | | Institutional Capacity Building |
|------------|--|------|--|--|
| Global | Market Development Support Mechanisms For Scaling Up Renewable Energy | 2010 | To address pricing and financing obstacles and gaps for innovative technologies through existing and/or innovative financial support mechanisms | Policy Reform and Institutional Capacity Building |
| Global | Policy Notes | 2010 | Policy notes to share ESMAP lessons, results and best practices on country-specific "Strategies" and/or "Road Maps"/ workshops and learning events to share experience/ best practice case studies and 'how to' guidance note | Knowledge Exchange |
| China | Evaluation of Incentive Mechanisms (Taxation and Pricing) for Wind Power in China | 2011 | This study will help China remove the barriers for further scaling up of Chinese wind industry, and provide comments for improving the current feed-in tariff system and taxation system. This will include 1) Investigate the current wind farm tariff distribution and study on the current taxation situation of wind and other power sources; 2) Set up a techno-economic evaluation model based on existing ones to calculate and compare the cost and benefits based on the current tariff and tax by using two (one from North China and one from East China) or four selected projects (two from North China and two from East China) representing the situation in the region to see the rationale of the current taxation and pricing system | Policy Reform |
| China | Promoting renewable energy for low-carbon city in Shanghai | 2011 | The activities are intended to provide international advice, peer reviews and selective upstream analyses leading to the development of a strategy and roadmap for scaling up renewable energy towards a low-carbon city concept in Chang Ning district of Shanghai, as requested by the Shanghai Development and Reform Commission and Chang Ning district government. | Capacity Building |
| Indonesia | Geothermal Risk Mitigation Framework in Indonesia | 2011 | To help the Government of Indonesia devise a strategic approach to mitigating geothermal resource risks in Indonesia by (1) validating and refining the methodology used for identification and evaluation of geothermal resource risks in Indonesia; (2) developing suitable geothermal resource risk mitigation options for implementation in Indonesia; and (3) seeking input from and building consensus amongst key stakeholders to facilitate a decision as to the final approach for implementation | Policy Reform |
| Uzbekistan | Uzbekistan Wind Power Potential Assessment | 2011 | Technical assistance to provide international wind expertise to assist Uzbekistan to analyze existing data and information and pre- identify potential sites for greenfield wind generation development and to set out a roadmap for implementation. | Technology roadmap |
| Turkey | Turkey Wind Integration | 2011 | To support ongoing efforts to conceptualize strategic solutions for developing an Actively Managed Automated Grid (AMAG) in Turkey to facilitate the integration of renewable sources of energy and efficiently ensure sustainable, economic, and secure delivery of electricity. | Technology Roadmap |

| Jordan | Assessment of Smart Grid Application to Jordan Transmission System | 2011 | To conduct a needs assessment for applications of smart grid technologies at National Electric Power Company NEPCO to determine necessary investments in such technologies (ii) design a road map for deployment and integration of various aspect of smart grid technologies at NEPCO transmission system. | Policy Reform and Institutional Capacity Building |
|------------|---|------|--|--|
| Yemen | Yemen Renewable Energy Framework | 2011 | To assist the Government of Yemen to develop and implement a policy and contractual framework to support the large scale, commercial wind development by both the public and private sectors. | Technology Roadmap |
| Bangladesh | Developing an institutional framework for the Sustainable Energy Development Agency | 2011 | To assist the Government of Bangladesh i) identify core functions of the agency with respect to current and long term demands of the national energy framework; ii) identify specific lessons from similar agencies elsewhere in the world that would apply to the Bangladesh context; iii) develop a set of alternative structures for the new agency and compare strengths and weaknesses among the alternatives, and iv) propose an action plan for establishing the agency | Institutional Capacity Building |